

Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

County Board Eau Claire, Wisconsin

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Eau Claire County, Wisconsin (the County), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Eau Claire County, Wisconsin as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Eau Claire County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Eau Claire County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Eau Claire County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Eau Claire County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedules, other postemployment benefits (OPEB) schedules, and pension plan schedules be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The combining fund statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the individual and combining fund statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 26, 2022 on our consideration of County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Eau Claire, Wisconsin July 26, 2022

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As management of Eau Claire County, Wisconsin (the County), we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Eau Claire County for the year ended December 31, 2021. This section should be read in conjunction with the County's financial statements and the accompanying notes, which begin on page 15 following this narrative. It should also be noted that the information contained herein will provide information on both the governmental activities and the business-type activities of the County.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Highlights for Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the County as a whole using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting.

- The County's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows by \$170.5 million on a government-wide basis as of December 31, 2021 (net position). Of this amount, \$136.5 million represented the County's net investment in capital assets, \$15.4 million was held for restricted purposes, and \$18.6 million was unrestricted. The unrestricted net position may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- During the fiscal year, the County's total net position increased by approximately \$18.1 million. Net position related to the governmental activities increased by \$15.6 million and business-type activities of the County increased \$2.5 million, respectively.

Highlights for Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the County's most significant funds using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting.

- At the close of the fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$48.0 million, an increase of \$29.2 million in comparison to the prior year. The primary component of the increase was accumulation of unspent debt proceeds in the capital projects fund.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$17.9 million or 57.4% of total general fund expenditures, compared to \$13.4 million (38.4%) at the end of 2020.
- The County's primary government issued General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2021A, in the amount of \$11.5 million, General Obligation Highway Facility Bonds Series 2021B, in the amount of \$24.4 million and General Obligation Promissory Notes, Series 2021C in the amount of \$7.4 million. The increase in debt was partially offset by scheduled debt service payments and the advance refunding of a previous bond issue in order to achieve lower interest rates.
- The Highway Department finished 2021 with an increase in net position of \$776,599. Implementation of state-of-the-art technology has allowed the county to construct more lane miles of road at a lower price than in previous years.
- Airport finished 2021 with an increase in net position of \$1.6 million, which was primarily due to receipt of contributed infrastructure.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements, which consist of two statements, are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The first government-wide statement, *the statement of net position*, presents information on all of Eau Claire County's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, resulting in the net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as useful indicators of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The second government-wide statement, *the statement of activities*, presents information showing how the County's net position changed during 2021. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused paid leave benefits).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of Eau Claire County include general government; public safety; public works; health and human services; culture, recreation and education; and conservation and development. The business-type activities of Eau Claire County include the Highway Department and Airport.

The government-wide financial statements can be found beginning on page 15 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Eau Claire County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Eau Claire County maintains ten individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General, Human Services, Debt Service, Capital Projects and ARPA Funds, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The fund level financial statements can be found beginning on page 17 of this report.

Proprietary Funds – Services for which the County charges customers a fee to provide are reported in proprietary funds. Eau Claire County maintains two different types of proprietary funds: enterprise funds and internal services funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for the fiscal activities of the Highway Department and Airport. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. Eau Claire County uses an internal service fund to account for its risk management activities. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within the governmental activities in the governmental statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Highway Department and Airport, both considered major funds of the County.

The internal service fund is included within the presentation of the proprietary fund financial statements. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found beginning on page 21 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held in trust for the benefit of parties outside the government or are custodial in nature. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds: the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on page 25 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to fully understand the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes can be found beginning on page 27 of this report.

Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report presents certain required supplementary information on the general fund and major special revenue fund budgets as well as other post employment benefit and pension schedules. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page 62 of this report.

Following the basic government-wide and fund financial statements, accompanying notes, and required supplementary information, additional supplementary information has been provided as part of this report. The supplementary information includes combining statements. This other supplementary information begins on page 69.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Eau Claire County, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$170.5 million at the close of the fiscal year. The largest portion of Eau Claire County's net position (80%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure), net of depreciation and any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The following is a summary of the County's statement of net position:

	Governmenta	al Activities			Business-T	ype A	Activities		Total				
	 2021		2020	_	2021		2020	_	2021	_	2020		
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets Internal Balances	\$ 124,166,158 172,880,528 (305,073)	\$	73,858,470 167,342,044 (183,705)	\$	12,712,737 48,121,535 305,073	\$	11,310,436 46,905,444 183,705	\$	136,878,895 221,002,063	\$	85,168,906 214,247,488 -		
Total Assets	 296,741,613		241,016,809		61,139,345		58,399,585		357,880,958		299,416,394		
Deferred Outflows of Resources	20,402,069		14,769,366		2,305,996		1,722,413		22,708,065		16,491,779		
Current Liabilities Long Term Liabilities Due Within One Year Long Term Liabilities Total Liabilities	 21,471,849 15,201,713 102,141,721 138,815,283		9,006,217 12,518,117 82,006,559 103,530,893		1,280,045 598,000 439,843 2,317,888		850,811 675,593 813,789 2,340,193		22,751,894 15,799,713 102,581,564 141,133,171		9,857,028 13,193,710 82,820,348 105,871,086		
Deferred Inflows of Resources	 64,025,687		53,534,552		4,979,885	_	4,172,014		69,005,572		57,706,566		
Net Position: Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted Total Net Position	\$ 88,842,757 14,044,250 11,415,705 114,302,712	\$	83,883,497 7,602,993 7,234,240 98,720,730	\$	47,663,143 1,320,863 7,163,562 56,147,568	\$	45,892,759 697,061 7,019,971 53,609,791	\$	136,505,900 15,365,113 18,579,267 170,450,280	\$	129,776,256 8,300,054 14,254,211 152,330,521		

An additional portion of Eau Claire County's net position (9%) represents resources that are subject to other restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining \$18.6 million of total net position (11%) may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

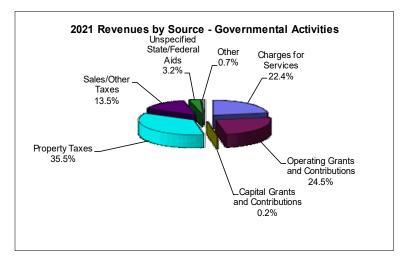
At the end of 2021, the County reported positive balances in all three categories of net position, for the government as a whole and for the governmental activities and business-type activities.

The condensed statement of changes in net position as follows shows that the County's total net position increased by \$18.1 million during the current fiscal year. The increase consisted of an increase in net position related to governmental activities in the amount of \$15.6 million and an increase in net position related to business-type activities in the amount of \$2.5 million.

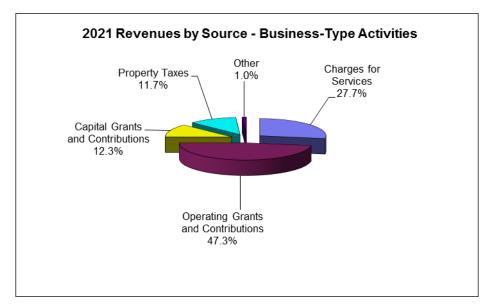
The following is a summary of the changes in the County's net position:

	Governmer	ntal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	То	tals
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Revenues:						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$ 22,344,089	\$ 15,733,775	\$ 4,806,376	\$ 8,938,809	\$ 27,150,465	\$ 24,672,584
Operating Grants and Contributions	24,429,501	29,939,826	8,221,784	5,021,976	32,651,285	34,961,802
Capital Grants and Contributions	185,000	-	2,132,632	825,927	2,317,632	825,927
General Revenues:						
Property Taxes	35,402,826	33,674,709	2,038,220	2,328,187	37,441,046	36,002,896
Other Taxes	13,504,334	12,069,624	2,473,691	2,424,099	15,978,025	14,493,723
State and Federal Aids Not Restricted						
to Specific Programs	3,194,303	2,863,207	-	-	3,194,303	2,863,207
Other	774,044	181,193	180,432	877,165	954,476	1,058,358
Total Revenues	99,834,097	94,462,334	19,853,135	20,416,163	119,687,232	114,878,497
Expenses:						
General Government	13,385,389	12,437,849	-	-	13,385,389	12,437,849
Public Safety	16,338,966	18,710,763	-	-	16,338,966	18,710,763
Public Works	6,695,641	6,362,192	-	-	6,695,641	6,362,192
Sanitation	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health and Human Services	46,143,521	44,981,730	-	-	46,143,521	44,981,730
Culture, Recreation and Education	2,533,456	2,936,852	-	-	2,533,456	2,936,852
Conservation and Development	1,971,475	2,000,879	-	-	1,971,475	2,000,879
Interest and Fiscal Charges	2,549,666	2,468,387	-	-	2,549,666	2,468,387
Airport	-	-	2,825,492	2,833,756	2,825,492	2,833,756
Highway			9,123,867	12,342,273	9,123,867	12,342,273
Total Expenses	89,618,114	89,898,652	11,949,359	15,176,029	101,567,473	105,074,681
Change in Net Position Before Transfers	10,215,983	4,563,682	7,903,776	5,240,134	18,119,759	9,803,816
Transfers	5,365,999	1,387,881	(5,365,999)	(1,387,881)		
Change in Net Position	\$ 15,581,982	\$ 5,951,563	\$ 2,537,777	\$ 3,852,253	\$ 18,119,759	\$ 9,803,816

A review of the statement of activities can provide a concise picture of how the various functions/programs of the County are funded. The following charts draw data from the statement of activities. For governmental activities the County's main sources for funding governmental services are property taxes (35.5%), charges for services (22.4%), and operating grants/contributions (24.5%)



In the case of business-type activities, the data shows a different picture. Operating Grants and contributions (47.3%) replace property taxes as primary revenue.



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S MAJOR FUNDS

Eau Claire County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information regarding near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information can be useful in assessing the financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of December 31, 2021, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$48.0 million, an increase of \$29.2 million in comparison to the prior year. The governmental funds comprising this balance are shown below:

			Change						
	Nonspendable	Res	stricted	Assigned	Unassigned			Total	 During Year
Major Funds									
General Fund	\$ 1,162,998	\$	50,589	\$ 1,223,433	\$	17,857,024	\$	20,294,044	\$ 4,825,954
Human Services Fund	12,260		37,138	-		(1,828,293)		(1,778,895)	540,873
Debt Service Fund	-	2,2	228,062	-		-		2,228,062	1,240,492
Capital Project Funds	-		-	25,860,964		-		25,860,964	22,295,487
ARPA Fund	-		-	-		(31,905)		(31,905)	(31,905)
Nonmajor Funds:									
Special Revenue Funds	6,600	-	708,931	 737,265		-		1,452,796	 304,943
Total Fund Balances	\$ 1,181,858	\$ 3,0	024,720	\$ 27,821,662	\$	15,996,826	\$	48,025,066	\$ 29,175,844

Nonspendable fund balance represents amounts that are inherently nonspendable or assets that will never be converted to cash or will not be converted to cash soon enough to affect the current period.

Restricted fund balance represents amounts available for appropriation but intended for a specific use and is legally restricted by outside parties.

Assigned fund balance represents resources intended for spending for a purpose set by the government body itself or by some person or body delegated to exercise such authority in accordance with policy established by the County Board.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the County's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

General Fund: The general fund is the primary operating fund used to account for the governmental operations of Eau Claire County. As of December 31, 2021, the unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$17.9 million, while total fund balance was \$20.3 million. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both the unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to measures of operating volume such as fund expenditures or fund revenues. Unassigned fund balance represented 50.5% of total general fund expenditures, while the total fund balance represented 57.4% of that same amount.

The general fund's total fund balance increased \$4.8 million during the year and the unassigned portion of the fund increased \$4.5 million.

Human Services Fund: The human services fund is a special revenue fund used to account for various health and human services programs provided by the County. This fund provides services in the area of mental health; developmental disabilities; alcoholism; drug abuse rehabilitation services to residents of the County and administers the various social services and income maintenance programs provided by and through the County. The human services fund also operates the Northwest Regional Juvenile Detention Center. The fund balance carried by the human services fund is a deficit of \$1.8 million as of December 31, 2021. This deficit is expected to be funded upon receipt of the Wisconsin Medicaid Cost Reporting (WIMCR) reimbursement from the State of Wisconsin. This reimbursement is expected to be received in December 2021.

Debt Service Fund: The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs of governmental funds. As of December 31, 2021, the County's debt service fund had a balance of \$2.2 million. During the year, the County issued \$11.5 million in new debt which along with an issuance premium of \$3.7M, was used to place \$14.9 million in escrow to refund existing debt.

Capital Projects Fund: The capital projects fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. As of December 31, 2021, the County's capital projects fund had a balance of \$25.9 million which is an increase from the prior year \$3.6 million. During 2021, the County issued \$31.8 million of debt to pay for capital related projects.

American Rescue Plan Act Fund: The County created a new fund during 2021 to account for the receipt and expenditure of American Rescue Plan Act grant dollars. The first of two tranche payments was received during 2021.

Other Governmental Funds: The aggregated other governmental funds column includes various special revenue funds. As of December 31, 2021, the accumulated balance of these funds was \$1.5 million, an increase of \$304,943 in comparison to the prior year.

Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds

Eau Claire County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the governmentwide financial statements. Prior to adding in the enterprise fund portion of the internal service fund allocation, total net position of the proprietary funds at the end of 2021 totaled \$55.8 million, an increase of \$2.4 million in comparison to the prior year.

Highway Department: The County uses the highway department fund to account for road maintenance and construction and related services provided to the County, the State of Wisconsin, and local governmental units. At the end of the current fiscal year, unrestricted net position of the highway was \$3.8 million, while total net position reached \$13.4 million. Total net position is an increase from the prior year of \$776,599. The increase is due to a capital contribution received from the state as well as the implementation of state-of-the-art technology which has allowed the County to construct more lane miles of road at a lower price than in previous years.

Airport: The airport fund contains the operations of the County's airport. In 2021, the net position for the airport increased \$1.6 million to \$42.4 million. The increase was primarily due to contributed infrastructure from the State of Wisconsin.

Internal Service Funds

Internal Service Funds: The county uses internal service funds to account for services that are shared by all departments in the county. Internal service funds are not expected to carry large fund balances, instead they are expected to be in a neutral or slight surplus position to aid in smoothing operating costs year over year, or to provide funding for certain operating equipment replacements. In 2021, the aggregate net position for the internal service funds increased \$994,700 to \$3.5 million. Details for each of the three internals service funds is as follows:

- Risk Management: net position of \$1.6 million. This balance is to be used to fund worker's compensation and liability claims of the county.
- Health Insurance: net position of \$1.1 million. This is intended to be used to fund employee health insurance claims.
- Shared Services: net position of \$0.8 million. This fund balance is available for future technology, communication hardware, and software upgrades.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The County adopts a budget for all funds at the department level of expenditure. Throughout the year, as additional information becomes available, such as the receipt of funds not originally budgeted or not receiving funds that were anticipated in the original budget, budget amendments can be made.

General Fund: The final actual revenues and other financing sources were \$40,242,156, which were \$3.0 million greater than the final budgeted revenue while the final actual expenditures and other financing uses were \$35,416,202, which was \$2.6 million less than the final budgeted expenditures. The most significant items contributing to the variances include: \$2.6 million related to taxes that was not included in the budget, and savings in expenditures for public safely of \$707,769 and general government of \$1.6 million.

The budgetary comparison schedules and additional information related to these schedules is reported in the required supplementary information (RSI) immediately following the notes to the financial statements.

Capital Assets

The County's net investment in capital assets for its governmental activities and business-type activities as of December 31, 2021 amounted to \$172.9 million and \$48.1 million, respectively, as shown below:

	Governmental Activities					Business-Ty	ctivities	Totals					
		2021		2020		2021		2020		2021		2020	
Not Subject to Depreciation:													
Land and Land Rights	\$	6,575,288	\$	6,548,388	\$	2,773,880	\$	2,495,979	\$	9,349,168	\$	9,044,367	
Construction Work in Progress		3,176,469		1,389,086		6,289,411		4,719,957		9,465,880		6,109,043	
Subject to Depreciation:													
Land Improvements		2,545,277		3,239,870		15,247,138		14,520,074		17,792,415		17,759,944	
Intangibles		2,774,591		1,988,402		-		-		2,774,591		1,988,402	
Buildings and Improvements		58,409,556		59,050,166		15,774,279		16,661,169		74,183,835		75,711,335	
Machinery and Equipment		5,443,056		5,641,595		8,036,827		8,508,265		13,479,883		14,149,860	
Highway Infrastructure		93,956,291		89,484,537		-		-		93,956,291		89,484,537	
Total	\$	172,880,528	\$	167,342,044	\$	48,121,535	\$	46,905,444	\$	221,002,063	\$	214,247,488	

Additional information related to the County's capital assets is reported in Note 2.B. of the financial statements.

Long-Term Obligations

The County had \$115.8 million in general obligation bonds and notes and other long-term obligations outstanding as of December 31, 2021. \$115.1 million of this amount is for governmental activities. The remaining \$721,692 represents vested compensated absences and capital leases in the enterprise funds.

In 2021, the County refunded \$11.5 million of general obligation debt for lower interest general obligation debt.

In accordance with Wisconsin State Statutes, total outstanding general obligation indebtedness of the County may not exceed 5 percent of the equalized value of all taxable property within the County's jurisdiction. The debt limit as of December 31, 2021 amounted to \$529,595,255 and indebtedness subject to the limitation totaled \$104,145,000.

More detailed debt information can be found in Note 2.D. Long-Term Obligations of the financial statements.

CURRENTLY KNOWN FACTS

Limits have been imposed on the property tax levy rates for Wisconsin counties. There are separate limits for the operating levy and the debt service levy. The baseline for the limits is the actual 1992 tax rate adopted for the 1993 budget. The operating levy rate and the debt levy rate cannot exceed the baseline rates unless the County qualifies for one of the exceptions allowed under the statute. The statute establishes specific penalties for failure to meet the levy rate freeze requirements. Among the penalties for exceeding the limits is the reduction of state shared revenues and transportation aids.

The State of Wisconsin has imposed further limits on the County's property tax levy beginning with the 2008 budget year levy. Essentially, the legislation restricts the growth in the County's property taxes (except for debt service, libraries, road and bridge aid, and tax increments) to the percentage increase in the County's equalized value due to new construction.

REQUESTS FOR FINANCIAL INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information can be directed to:

Eau Claire County Finance Department 721 Oxford Avenue Eau Claire, WI 54703 THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

EAU CLAIRE COUNTY, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2021

			Total	
	Governmental	Business-Type	Primary Government	Component Unit
ASSETS	Activities	Activities	Government	Unit
Cash and Investments	\$ 60,997,476	\$ 6,389,201	\$ 67,386,677	\$ 2,065,824
Taxes Receivable	39,221,673	2,038,219	41,259,892	-
Accounts Receivable	604,519	144,174	748,693	30,609
Due from Other Governments	8,901,876	2,214,697	11,116,573	-
Long-Term Receivables	745,973	-	745,973	-
Prepaid Items and Other Assets	699,335	605,583	1,304,918	28,931
Inventories	10,923	-	10,923	18,997
Deposit in Insurance Pool	999,731	-	999,731	-
Internal Balances	(305,073)	305,073	-	-
Other Assets	-	-	-	154,214
Restricted Assets:	007 400		207 400	
Cash and Investments	327,186	1 220 962	327,186	-
Wisconsin Retirement System Pension Plan Asset	11,657,466	1,320,863	12,978,329	-
Capital Assets: Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	9,751,757	9,063,291	18,815,048	849,583
Capital Assets Not Denig Depreciated	243,512,650	76,176,371	319,689,021	297,898
Accumulated Depreciation	(80,383,879)	(37,118,127)	(117,502,006)	(14,398)
Total Assets	296,741,613	61,139,345	357,880,958	3,431,658
	200,7 11,010	01,100,010	001,000,000	0,101,000
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Wisconsin Retirement System Pension Related	19,217,666	2,177,480	21,395,146	-
Other Postemployment Benefits Related	906,175	128,516	1,034,691	-
Deferred Charge on Refunding	278,228	-	278,228	-
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	20,402,069	2,305,996	22,708,065	-
LIABILITIES				
Vouchers and Accounts Payable	2,410,930	818,883	3,229,813	14,375
Other Current Liabilities	193,361	-	193,361	-
Accrued Interest Payable	1,341,020	2,427	1,343,447	-
Accrued Compensation	2,112,710	177,857	2,290,567	40,592
Due to Other Governments	4,252,878	216,351	4,469,229	-
Unearned Revenues	10,163,130	64,527	10,227,657 997,820	3,175
Special Deposits Long-Term Liabilities:	997,820	-	997,020	-
Amounts Due Within One Year	15,201,713	598,000	15,799,713	
Amounts Due in More than One Year	99,912,517	123,692	100,036,209	-
Wisconsin Retirement System Pension Liability		-	-	-
Other Postemployment Benefits Liability	2,229,204	316,151	2,545,355	-
Total Liabilities	138,815,283	2,317,888	141,133,171	58,142
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Succeeding Years Property Taxes	38,149,616	2,038,219	40,187,835	-
Wisconsin Retirement System Pension Related	25,534,206	2,893,182	28,427,388	-
Other Postemployment Benefits Related	341,865	48,484	390,349	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	64,025,687	4,979,885	69,005,572	-
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	88,842,757	47,663,143	136,505,900	1,133,083
Restricted for:	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,
ADRC Programs	233,811	-	233,811	-
Debt Service	887,042	-	887,042	-
Recycling	423,520	-	423,520	-
Friends of Beaver Creek Reserve, Inc.	-	-	-	1,336,056
Revolving Loan Funds	796,561	-	796,561	-
Restricted for Wisconsin Retirement System Net Pension Asset	11,657,466	1,320,863	12,978,329	-
Other Purposes	45,850	-	45,850	-
Unrestricted	11,415,705	7,163,562	18,579,267	904,377
Total Net Position	\$ 114,302,712	\$ 56,147,568	\$ 170,450,280	\$ 3,373,516

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

EAU CLAIRE COUNTY, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		I	Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position				
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total Primary Government	Component Unit	
Primary Government:									
Governmental Activities:									
General Government	\$ 13,385,389	\$ 3,223,291	\$ 469,313	\$-	\$ (9,692,785)	\$-	\$ (9,692,785)	\$-	
Public Safety	16,338,966	1,283,989	496,735	-	(14,558,242)	-	(14,558,242)	-	
Public Works	6,695,641	860,141	492,487	-	(5,343,013)	-	(5,343,013)	-	
Health and Human Services	46,143,521	14,597,875	22,609,753	-	(8,935,893)	-	(8,935,893)	-	
Culture, Recreation and Education	2,533,456	1,095,420	1,921	185,000	(1,251,115)	-	(1,251,115)	-	
Conservation and Development	1,971,475	1,283,373	359,292	-	(328,810)	-	(328,810)	-	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	2,549,666	-			(2,549,666)	-	(2,549,666)	-	
Total Governmental Activities	89,618,114	22,344,089	24,429,501	185,000	(42,659,524)	-	(42,659,524)	-	
Business-Type Activities:									
Highway Department	9,123,867	3,777,800	7,425,114	30,000	-	2,109,047	2,109,047	-	
Airport	2,825,492	1,028,576	796,670	2,102,632	-	1,102,386	1,102,386	-	
Total Business-Type Activities	11,949,359	4,806,376	8,221,784	2,132,632		3,211,433	3,211,433		
Total Primary Government	\$ 101,567,473	\$ 27,150,465	\$ 32,651,285	\$ 2,317,632	(42,659,524)	3,211,433	(39,448,091)	-	
Component Unit:									
Friends of Beaver Creek Reserve, Inc.	\$ 987,822	\$ 207,178	\$ 794,762	\$-	-	-	-	14,118	
	General Revenues	:							
	Taxes:				35,402,826	0.000.000	07 444 040		
	Property Taxe Sales Taxes	s			35,402,826 12,947,112	2,038,220	37,441,046	-	
	Other Taxes				557,222	- 2,473,691	12,947,112 3,030,913	-	
	State and Feder	ral Aide Not			557,222	2,475,091	3,030,913	-	
		to Specific Program	me		3,194,303	_	3,194,303	_	
		estment Earnings	1115		(56,183)	_	(56,183)	211,555	
		al of capital assets			306,342	-	306,342	-	
	Miscellaneous		,		523,885	180,432	704,317	4,907	
	Transfers				5,365,999	(5,365,999)	-	-	
		I Revenues and T	ransfers		58,241,506	(673,656)	57,567,850	216,462	
	Change in Net Po	sition			15,581,982	2,537,777	18,119,759	230,580	
	Net Position - Beg	inning of Year			98,720,730	53,609,791	152,330,521	3,142,936	
	Net Position - En	d of Year			\$ 114,302,712	\$ 56,147,568	\$ 170,450,280	\$ 3,373,516	

EAU CLAIRE COUNTY, WISCONSIN BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

100570	 General Fund	S	Human ervices Fund	 Debt Service Fund	 Capital Projects Fund	American Rescue Plan Act Fund		Other Governmental Funds		 Totals
ASSETS Cash and Temporary Investments Taxes Receivable Accounts Receivable, Net Due from Other Funds Due from Other Governments Prepaid Items Inventories Long-Term Receivables	\$ 15,835,851 15,520,771 385,315 3,891,019 2,916,615 87,335 3,607 745,973	\$	1,998,148 8,808,190 155,001 - 5,327,766 4,944 7,316	\$ 2,228,062 14,656,311 - - - - - -	\$ 26,285,028 - - - - - - -	\$	10,131,225 - - - - - - - -	\$	1,201,317 236,401 64,203 - 657,495 6,600 -	\$ 57,679,631 39,221,673 604,519 3,891,019 8,901,876 98,879 10,923 745,973
Total Assets	\$ 39,386,486	\$	16,301,365	\$ 16,884,373	\$ 26,285,028	\$	10,131,225	\$	2,166,016	\$ 111,154,493
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:										
Vouchers and Accounts Payable	\$ 218,216	\$	1,413,326	\$ -	\$ 414,064	\$	-	\$	275,425	\$ 2,321,031
Other Current Liabilities	193,361		-	-	-		-		-	193,361
Accrued Liabilities	1,505,717		535,128	-	-		-		68,441	2,109,286
Due to Other Governmental Units	792,025		3,432,597	-	10,000		-		18,256	4,252,878
Due to Other Funds	-		3,891,019	-	-		-		-	3,891,019
Unearned Revenues	-		-	-	-		10,163,130		-	10,163,130
Special Deposits	934,723		-	-	-		-		63,097	997,820
Total Liabilities	3,644,042		9,272,070	-	424,064		10,163,130		425,219	23,928,525
Deferred Inflows of Resources:										
Succeeding Years Property Taxes	14,448,714		8,808,190	14,656,311	-		-		236,401	38,149,616
Unavailable Revenue	999,686		-	-	-		-		51,600	1,051,286
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	15,448,400		8,808,190	14,656,311	-		-		288,001	39,200,902
Fund Balances:										
Nonspendable	1,162,998		12,260	-	-		-		6,600	1,181,858
Restricted	50,589		37,138	2,228,062	-		-		708,931	3,024,720
Assigned	1,223,433		-	-	25,860,964		-		737,265	27,821,662
Unassigned	 17,857,024		(1,828,293)	 -	 -		(31,905)		-	 15,996,826
Total Fund Balances	20,294,044		(1,778,895)	 2,228,062	25,860,964		(31,905)		1,452,796	48,025,066
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of										
Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 39,386,486	\$	16,301,365	\$ 16,884,373	\$ 26,285,028	\$	10,131,225	\$	2,166,016	\$ 111,154,493

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

EAU CLAIRE COUNTY, WISCONSIN RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2021

tal Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 48,025,066
position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. These assets consist of:		
Land and Right of Way Land Improvements Intangibles Buildings and Improvements Machinery and Equipment Infrastructure Construction Work in Progress Accumulated Depreciation Net pension and other post employment benefit plan (asset) liability and	\$ 6,575,288 3,635,020 4,401,926 83,793,702 11,759,440 139,922,562 3,176,469 (80,383,879)	172,880,528
related deferred inflows and outflows are recorded only on the Statement of Net Position. Balances at year-end are:		
Wisconsin Retirement System Pension Plan:		
Net Pension Plan Asset (Liability) Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pension Related Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pension Related	11,618,461 19,153,366 (25,448,771)	5,323,056
State Life Insurance Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) Plan:		
Net Other Post Employment Benefit Liability Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPEB Related Deferred Inflows of Resources - OPEB Related	(2,210,331) 898,503 (338,971)	(1,650,79
Some receivables are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the fund financial statements but are recognized as revenue in the government-wide statements because they are unavailable		1,051,286
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. These liabilities consist of:		
Bonds Payable Accrued Interest Payable on Long-Term Debt Compensated Absences Payable Long-term Payable to the City of Eau Claire	104,145,000 1,341,020 2,987,042 64,362	(108,537,424
Discounts and premiums are amortized over the life of the bonds rather than being recorded as revenues or expenditures		
Unamortized Debt Premiums	6,280,800	(6,280,80
The difference in the carrying amount of refunded debt and its reacquisition price is amortized over the life of the debt		278,228
An internal service fund is used by County management to account for risk management operations. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are reported in governmental activities act of papaion plan related items		2 040 57
activities net of pension plan related items.		 3,213,57

EAU CLAIRE COUNTY, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	General Fund	Human Services Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	American Rescue Plan Act Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Totals
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$ 28,035,181	\$ 8,637,997	\$ 12,446,856	\$-	\$-	\$ 236,400	\$ 49,356,434
Intergovernmental	5,727,348	19,921,254	-	140,000	-	3,126,260	28,914,862
Licenses and Permits	577,792	-	-	-	-	169,449	747,241
Fines and Forfeits	304,102	-	-	-	-	-	304,102
Public Charges for Services	4,338,173	817,889	-	-	-	1,099,658	6,255,720
Intergovernmental Charges for Services	113,590	12,518,537	-	-	-	-	12,632,127
Miscellaneous							
Investment Income (Loss)	(34,113)	-	-	6,081	(28,151)	-	(56,183)
Rent	467,686	-	-	-	-	9,987	477,673
Other	362,617	144,216				346,836	853,669
Total Revenues	39,892,376	42,039,893	12,446,856	146,081	(28,151)	4,988,590	99,485,645
EXPENDITURES							
General Government	11,926,914	-	-	2,262,334	3,754	-	14,193,002
Public Safety	16,078,807	-	-	780,083	-	24,172	16,883,062
Public Works	-	-	-	-	-	1,397,344	1,397,344
Health and Human Services	3,062,039	41,467,898	-	-	-	3,026,202	47,556,139
Culture, Recreation and Education	2,520,155	-	-	479,629	-	-	2,999,784
Conservation and Development	1,794,809	-	-	97,998	-	235,929	2,128,736
Debt Service:							
Principal Retirement	-	-	9,087,019	-	-	-	9,087,019
Interest and Fiscal Charges			2,506,284	274,270			2,780,554
Total Expenditures	35,382,724	41,467,898	11,593,303	3,894,314	3,754	4,683,647	97,025,640
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	4,509,652	571,995	853,553	(3,748,233)	(31,905)	304,943	2,460,005
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Long-Term Debt Issued	-	-	11,540,000	31,755,000	-	-	43,295,000
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	-	-	(14,875,553)	-	-	-	(14,875,553)
Sale of County Property	285,180	-	-	53,138	-	-	338,318
Premium on Debt Issued	-	-	3,722,492	123,470	-	-	3,845,962
Transfers In	64,600	33,478	-	-	-	-	98,078
Transfers Out	(33,478)	(64,600)	-	(5,887,888)	-	-	(5,985,966)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	316,302	(31,122)	386,939	26,043,720	-	-	26,715,839
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	4,825,954	540,873	1,240,492	22,295,487	(31,905)	304,943	29,175,844
Fund Balances, January 1	15,468,090	(2,319,768)	987,570	3,565,477		1,147,853	18,849,222
FUND BALANCES, DECEMBER 31	\$ 20,294,044	\$ (1,778,895)	\$ 2,228,062	\$ 25,860,964	\$ (31,905)	\$ 1,452,796	\$ 48,025,066

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

EAU CLAIRE COUNTY, WISCONSIN RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Line to current the statement of activities in governmental indix. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital inasets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as degineration expense. In the current priorid, thesa amounts are: Capital Outlays Papophent of Governmental Ford Statements Capital Outlays Papophent in Governmental Ford Statements Capital Outlays Papophent in Governmental Ford Statements Capital Outlays Papophents on Sovernmental Ford Statement of Activities Contribution from Statement of activities, why the gain or loss on the diaposal of capital assets is reported whereas in the governmental funds, the enter proceeds from the free measure (by the change in the Datame by the chapter of the capital assets sold. Wiccurrent year employee contributions. Persion Reports on the statement of activities are measured by the change in the prosentement of activities are measured by the change in net prosentes on the statement of activities are measured by the change in net prosentes on the statement of activities are measured by the change in net prosentes on the statement of activities are measured by the change in net prosentes on the statement of activities are measured by the change in net prosentes on the statement of activities are measured by the change in net prosentes on the statement of activities are measured by the change in net prosente by current year employee contributions. Persion Reported as softer inflows of resources in the government wide statements and the naited deferrent findows and outcows of resources. Reported the control in the current year is the government wide statements in the statement of net position and desine taffect the statements and the naited deferrent findows of resources. Reported the neutral by the change in net prosent as other finances government and the statements of activities and other the statements and amontrad	Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 29,175,844
However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets its allocated over their estimated used lives as depresation expense. \$ 11,216,522 Capital Outlays Reported in Governmental Evad Statements \$ 11,216,522 Capital Outlays Reported in Governmental Evad Statements \$ 11,225,837 Depreciation Expense Reported in the Statement of Activities (7,337,469) In the statement of activities, only the gain or loss on the disposal of capital assets is in groot withmental funds, the entire proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus the change in net position differs from be change in fund balance by the depreciated cost of the capital assets soil. (9,644,436) Witecosin Relement System The Statement of activities, on the statement of activities, on the statement of activities, in the governmental funds are measured by current year employee contributions. On the statement of activities are measured by the change in net persion asset or liability and the reliated deferred inflows and outflows of resources. (249,155) Reservables not currently available are resported as an other at funds are measured by current year employee contributions. On the statement of activities. (249,155) Reservables not currently available are resported as an other at emported as an other at monores. The statement of activities. (249,155) Reservables not currently available are resported as an other at emported as an increase in the statement of activities. (249,155) Reservables not currently available are resported as an other financing sources and duther financi			
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a capital assets is reported whereas in the governmental funds, the entire proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the depreciated cost of the capital assets soid. (9,544,436) (9,544,456) (9,544,456) (9,544,456) (9,544,456) (9,544,456) (9,544,456) (9,544,456) (9,544	Capital Outlays through contributions from others Contribution from Business-Type Activity - Highway Infrastructure	- 11,253,887	15,082,920
Wisconsin Retirement System Pension Plan: Pension expenditures in the governmental funds are measured by current year employee contributions. Pension expenses on the statement of activities are measured by the chang in net pension asset or liability and the related deferred inflows and outflows of resources. 3,348,930 State Life Insurance Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) Plan: OPEB expenditures in the governmental funds are measured by current year employee contributions. OPEB expenses on the statement of activities are measured by the chang in net OPEB liability and the related deferred inflows and outflows of resources. (249,155) Receivables not currently available are reported as defered inflows of resources in the fund financial statements but are recognized as revenue when earned in the government-wide statements 10,134 Long-term debt incurred in government wide statements (43,295,000) Discounts, and premiums are reported as other financing sources and other financing uses in government wide statements. (3,445,962) Deferred charge on refunding is recorded in the government wide statements and an anotized over the life of the related debt in the government wide statements. (3,445,962) Deferred charge on refunding is recorded as an expenditure in government wide statements and an anotized over the life of the related debt in the government wide statements and an anotized over the life of the related debt in the current year, these amounts consist of. 23,955,000 Bond Principal Retirement Construction of the current year in position of this intental service fund is useed by Caury in magement to account for ri	capital assets is reported whereas in the governmental funds, the entire proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the		(9.544,436)
Pension expenditures in the governmental funds are measured by current year employee contributions. Pension expenses on the statement of activities are measured by the change in net pension asset or liability and the related deferred inflows and outflows of resources. 3,348,930 State Life Insurance Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) Plan:			(-,,
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year employee contributions. OPEB expenses on the statement of activities are measured by the change in net OPEB liability and the related deferred inflows and outflows of resources. (249,155) Receivables not currently available are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the fund financial statements but are recognized as revenue when earned in the government-wide statements constructed in governmental funds is reported as an other financing source, but is reported as an increase in iong-term liabilities in the statement of net position and does not affect the statement of activities. The amount of long-term debt incurred in the current year is other financing source, but is reported as other financing sources and other financing uses in government wide statements. (3,845,962) Discounts, and premiums are reported as an expenditure in governmental funds, but are amortized over the life of the related debt in the government wide statements and amortized over the life of the related debt consist of: Bond Principal Retirement Long-Term Payable to the City of Eau Claire for risk management operations. The change in net position of this internal service fund is used by County management to account for risk management operations. The change in net position of this internal service fund is used by County management to account for risk management operations. The change in net position of this internal service fund is used by County management to account for risk management operations. The change in net position of this internal service fund is used by County management to account for risk management operations. The change in net position of this internal service fund is used to governmental activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of: Amortization of Debt Premium Net Change in Accound Interest Payable (168,085) 24,888	State Life Insurance Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) Plan:		
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other financing uses in governmental funds but are amortized over the life of the related debt in the government wide statements.(3,845,962)Deferred charge on refunding is recorded in the government wide statements and amortized over the life of the related debt37,915Repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. In the current year, these amounts consist of:23,955,000 7,572Bond Principal Retirement Long-Term Payable to the City of Eau Claire7,57223,962,572An internal service fund is used by County management to account for risk management operations. The change in net position of this internal service fund is allocated to governmental activities873,332Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of: A mortization of Debt Premium670,977 (478,004) (478,004) Net Change in Compensated Absences Payable670,977 (478,004) (478,004)	financing source, but is reported as an increase in long-term liabilities in the statement of net position and does not affect the statement of activities.		(43,295,000)
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governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. In the current year, these amounts consist of:23,955,000Bond Principal Retirement Long-Term Payable to the City of Eau Claire23,955,000An internal service fund is used by County management to account for risk management operations. The change in net position of this internal service fund is allocated to governmental activities873,332Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of: Amortization of Debt Premium Net Change in Accrued Interest Payable670,977 (478,004) (478,004)Net Change in Compensated Absences Payable(168,085)24,888			37,915
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for risk management operations. The change in net position of this internal service fund is allocated to governmental activities873,332Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of: Amortization of Debt Premium Net Change in Accrued Interest Payable670,977 (478,004) (478,004)Net Change in Compensated Absences Payable(168,085)24,888	·		23,962,572
use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of: Amortization of Debt Premium Net Change in Accrued Interest Payable (478,004) Net Change in Compensated Absences Payable (168,085) 24,888	for risk management operations. The change in net position of this		873,332
Net Change in Compensated Absences Payable (168,085) 24,888	use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of: Amortization of Debt Premium		
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ 15,581,982			 24,888
	Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 15,581,982

EAU CLAIRE COUNTY, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds			Governmental	
	Business-Ty Highway	pe Activities - Ente	rprise Funds	e Funds Activities - Internal	
	Department	Airport	Totals	Service Funds	
ASSETS	Department	Airport	Totals	Oervice Funds	
Current Assets:					
Cash and Investments	\$ 3,137,025	\$ 3,252,176	\$ 6,389,201	\$ 3,317,845	
Taxes Receivable	1,635,199	403,020	2,038,219	-	
Accounts Receivable	71,396	72,778	144,174	-	
Due from Other Governmental Units	2,181,796	32,901	2,214,697	-	
Prepaid Items and Other Assets	603,986	1,597	605,583	600,456	
Total Current Assets	7,629,402	3,762,472	11,391,874	3,918,301	
Restricted Assets:					
Escrow accounts	-	-	-	327,186	
Wisconsin Retirement System Net Pension Asset	1,201,625	119,238	1,320,863	39,005	
Total Restricted Assets	1,201,625	119,238	1,320,863	366,191	
Noncurrent Assets:					
Capital Assets	18,345,407	60,604,844	78,950,251	-	
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(10,162,381)	(26,955,746)	(37,118,127)	-	
Net Capital Assets in Service	8,183,026	33,649,098	41,832,124	-	
Construction Work in Progress	710,568	5,578,843	6,289,411		
Total Capital Assets	8,893,594	39,227,941	48,121,535	-	
Deposit in Insurance Pool				999,731	
Total Noncurrent Assets	8,893,594	39,227,941	48,121,535	999,731	
Total Assets	17,724,621	43,109,651	60,834,272	5,284,223	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Wisconsin Retirement System Pension Related	1,980,913	196,567	2,177,480	64,300	
State Life Insurance Other Post Employment Benefit Related	114,658	13,858	128,516	7,672	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,095,571	210,425	2,305,996	71,972	
Current Liabilities:	740.069	70 616	010 000	90,900	
Accounts Payable Accrued Liabilities	740,268 158,586	78,615	818,883	89,899 3,424	
Accrued Liabilities	2,427	19,271	177,857 2,427	3,424	
Due to Other Governments	149,903	- 66,448	216,351	-	
Unearned Revenues	54,483	10,044	64,527	-	
Current Portion of Long-Term Liabilities:	,	,	,		
Capital Lease Payable	412,463	-	412,463	-	
Claims Payable	-	-	-	656,916	
Accrued Employee Leave	158,878	26,659	185,537		
Total Current Liabilities	1,677,008	201,037	1,878,045	750,239	
Long-Term Liabilities (Net of Current Portion):					
Claims Payable	-	-	-	980,110	
Accrued Employee Leave	105,919	17,773	123,692	-	
State Life Insurance Net Other Post Employment Benefits Liability	282,061	34,090	316,151	18,873	
Total Long-Term Liabilities	387,980	51,863	439,843	998,983	
Total Liabilities	2,064,988	252,900	2,317,888	1,749,222	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Succeeding Year's Property Taxes	1,635,199	403,020	2,038,219	-	
Wisconsin Retirement System Pension Related	2,632,007	261,175	2,893,182	85,435	
State Life Insurance Other Post Employment Benefit Related	43,256	5,228	48,484	2,894	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,310,462	669,423	4,979,885	88,329	
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	8,481,131	39,182,012	47,663,143	-	
Restricted: Insurance Escrow				327,186	
Restricted for Retirement System Pension Related	- 1,201,625	- 119,238	- 1,320,863	39,005	
Unrestricted	3,761,986	3,096,503	6,858,489	3,152,453	
Total Net Position	\$ 13,444,742	\$ 42,397,753	55,842,495	\$ 3,518,644	
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities relat			305,073		
	sa to enterprise fund				
Total Net Position of Business-Type Activities			\$ 56,147,568		

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

EAU CLAIRE COUNTY, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		pe Activities - Ente	rprise Funds	Governmental Activities -
	Highway	Airport	Totala	Internal
OPERATING REVENUES	Department	Airport	Totals	Service Funds
Charges for Services Miscellaneous	\$ 3,777,800	\$ 1,028,576 149,295	\$ 4,806,376 149,295	\$ 10,907,658 -
Total Operating Revenues	3,777,800	1,177,871	4,955,671	10,907,658
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Operation and Maintenance	8,179,690	1,107,097	9,286,787	8,874,003
Depreciation	1,036,774	1,733,286	2,770,060	-
Claims	-	-	-	1,073,199
Total Operating Expenses	9,216,464	2,840,383	12,056,847	9,947,202
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(5,438,664)	(1,662,512)	(7,101,176)	960,456
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
General Property Taxes	1,635,200	403,020	2,038,220	-
Other Taxes	2,473,691	-	2,473,691	-
Intergovernmental Grants	7,425,114	796,670	8,221,784	-
Investment Income Miscellaneous Nonoperating Revenues	- 31,137	-	- 31,137	34,244
Interest Expense	(13,880)	-	(13,880)	-
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	11,551,262	1,199,690	12,750,952	34,244
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS AND				
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	6,112,598	(462,822)	5,649,776	994,700
TRANSFERS AND CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS				
Transfers In	5,887,888	-	5,887,888	-
Capital Contributions to Governmental Activities	(11,253,887)	-	(11,253,887)	-
Capital Contributions and Grants	30,000	2,102,632	2,132,632	
Total Transfers and Capital Contributions	(5,335,999)	2,102,632	(3,233,367)	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	776,599	1,639,810	2,416,409	994,700
Net Position, January 1	12,668,143	40,757,943	53,426,086	2,523,944
NET POSITION, DECEMBER 31	\$ 13,444,742	\$ 42,397,753	\$ 55,842,495	\$ 3,518,644
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to	enterprise funds		121,368	
Change in Net Position of Business-Type Activities			\$ 2,537,777	
Net Position Business-Type Activities - January 1			\$ 53,609,791	

2,537,777

56,147,568

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Change in Net Position - Business-Type Activities Net Position Business-Type Activities - December 31

EAU CLAIRE COUNTY, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds			Governmental Activities -
	Highway	1	<u> </u>	Internal
	Department	Airport	Totals	Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash Received from Customers	\$ 2.786.416	\$ 1.329.765	\$ 4.116.181	\$ 10.878.641
Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(1,211,962)	(664,696)	(1,876,658)	(8,959,239)
Claims Paid	-	-	-	(1,361,091)
Cash Paid for Employee Services	(6,846,261)	(517,870)	(7,364,131)	(13,589)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	(5,271,807)	147,199	(5,124,608)	544,722
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
General Property Taxes	4,108,891	403,020	4,511,911	-
Repayment of Due to Other Funds	-	-	-	(23,369)
Operating Grants and Miscellaneous Revenue Received	7,510,734	786,633	8,297,367	
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Noncapital				
Financing Activities	11,619,625	1,189,653	12,809,278	(23,369)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Cash Received for Capital Contributions	30,000	-	30,000	-
Cash Received from Sale/Loss of Capital Assets	52,351	-	52,351	-
Transfers from Other Funds for Construction	5,887,888	-	5,887,888	-
Cash Payments for Capital Assets	(1,525,944)	(409,926)	(1,935,870)	-
Cash Payments for Principal on Debt	(450,320)	-	(450,320)	-
Cash Payments for Interest on Debt	(17,078)	-	(17,078)	-
Infrastructure Construction Expense for Governmental Activities	(11,253,887)		(11,253,887)	
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital and				
Related Financing Activities	(7,276,990)	(409,926)	(7,686,916)	-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Investment income				34,244
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(929,172)	926,926	(2,246)	555,597
Cash and Cash Equivalents, January 1	4,066,197	2,325,250	6,391,447	3,089,434
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, DECEMBER 31	\$ 3,137,025	\$ 3,252,176	\$ 6,389,201	\$ 3,645,031

EAU CLAIRE COUNTY, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds Highway			Governmental Activities - Internal
	Department	Airport	Totals	Service Funds
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET				
CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (5,438,664)	\$ (1,662,512)	\$ (7,101,176)	\$ 960,456
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net				
Cash Provided by Operating Activities:				
Depreciation	1,036,774	1,733,286	2,770,060	-
Chagne in Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) Net Pension Asset	(570,134)	(53,668)	(623,802)	(20,288)
Chagne in WRS Pension Related Deferred Outflow of Resources	(509,524)	(43,787)	(553,311)	(20,688)
Chagne in WRS Pension Related Deferred Inflow of Resources	(27,098)	(3,174)	(30,272)	606
Chagne in State Life Insurance Net OPEB Liability	58,229	6,778	65,007	(2,287)
Chagne in State Life Insurance Related Deferred Outflow of Resources	739,886	64,708	804,594	29,352
Chagne in State Life Insurance Related Deferred Inflow of Resources	2,965	312	3,277	(915)
(Increase) Decrease in Assets:				
Accounts Receivable	210,227	(7,720)	202,507	-
Due from Other Governments	(1,201,611)	159,614	(1,041,997)	1,975
Prepaid Items	60,342	(1,597)	58,745	(30,336)
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	566,251	(73,341)	492,910	(85,892)
Accrued Liabilities	6,019	4,463	10,482	631
Due to Other Governments	(127,191)	11,785	(115,406)	-
Claims Payable	-	-	-	(287,892)
Accrued Employee Leave	(78,278)	12,052	(66,226)	
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$ (5,271,807)	\$ 147,199	\$ (5,124,608)	\$ 544,722
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				
Current Assets - Cash and Temporary Investments	\$ 3,137,025	\$ 3,252,176	\$ 6,389,201	\$ 3,317,845
Restricted Assets - Cash and Temporary Investments	-		-	327,186
CASH AND TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS PER				
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS	\$ 3,137,025	\$ 3,252,176	\$ 6,389,201	\$ 3,645,031
NONCASH DISCLOSURE				
Capital Asset Additions Through Contributed Capital	_\$	\$ 2,102,632	\$ 2,102,632	\$ -

EAU CLAIRE COUNTY, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Custodial Funds
ASSETS	
Treasurer's Cash and Investments	\$ 5,735,814
Taxes Receivable	258,848
Total Assets	5,994,662
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable and Other Liabilities Due Other Governmental Units Total Liabilities	250,140 4,890,600 5,140,740
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Succeeding Year's Property Taxes	258,848
NET POSITION Restricted	\$ 595,074

EAU CLAIRE COUNTY, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS	
Fee Collections on Behalf of Others	\$ 4,714,700
Tax Collections for Other Governments	88,344,295
State Forfeiture Funds Collected	25,085
Total Additions	93,084,080
DEDUCTIONS	1 0 10 110
Beneficiary Payments	4,643,410
Payments of Taxes to Other Goverments	88,365,395
Payments on Behalf of West Central Drug Task Force	12,778
Total Deductions	93,021,583
Change in Net Position	62,497
Net Position - January 1	532,577
Net Position - December 31	\$ 595,074

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization

The financial statements of Eau Claire County (the County) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the County are described below:

A. Reporting Entity

Eau Claire County is governed by a board of supervisors consisting of 29 elected members.

The financial reporting of the County is defined by the GASB to consist of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that the exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. A legally separate organization should be reported as a component unit if the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable to the organization. The primary government is financially accountable if it appoints a majority of the organization's governing body and (1) it is able to impose its will on that organization or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or burdens on the primary government. The primary government may be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the primary government.

A legally separate, tax exempt organization should be reported as a component unit of a reporting entity if all of the following criteria are met: (1) the economic resources received or held by the separate organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the primary government, its component units, or its constituents; (2) the primary government is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the separate organization that the specific primary government, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, a majority of the access received or held by an individual organization that the specific primary government, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, are significant to that primary government. This report includes the following component unit:

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Discretely Presented Component Unit

The government-wide financial statements include the Friends of Beaver Creek Reserve, Inc. (Beaver Creek) as a component unit. Beaver Creek is a legally separate organization. Beaver Creek is led by an elected board of directors. The County is not legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the obligation to finance the deficits of Beaver Creek. As a component unit, Beaver Creek's financial statements have been presented as a discrete column in the financial statements. It is reported in a separate column to emphasize that it is legally separate from the County. The information presented is for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021. Separately issued financial statements of Beaver Creek may be obtained from the Beaver Creek's office at S1 County Road K, Fall Creek, Wisconsin.

C. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The County's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the County as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the County's major funds) as described below:

1. Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report financial information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable to a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (a) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

2. Fund Financial Statements

Financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which constitute its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

2. Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>**General Fund**</u> – The General Fund is the operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all financial resources of the County, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Health and Human Services Fund – The Health and Human Services Fund, a special revenue fund, is used to account for various County health and human services programs funded by restricted and committed sources. Through the human services programs, the County provides mental health, developmental disabilities and alcoholism and drug abuse rehabilitation services to residents of the County and administers the various social services and income maintenance programs provided by and through the County.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs of governmental funds.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – The Capital Project Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>ARPA Fund</u> – The ARPA Fund is used to account for the receipt and expenditure of American Recovery Plan Act grant dollars.

Enterprise Funds - Enterprise funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the highway department and airport are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The County reports the following major enterprise funds:

Highway Department – The Highway Department accounts for operations of the county road network.

Airport – The Airport accounts for operations of the airport.

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects

The county reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

- 1. Aging and Disability Resource Center
- 2. Watershed
- 3. West Central Drug Task Force
- 4. Recycling
- 5. Land Records

In addition, the county reports the following fund types:

Internal service funds

Internal Service Funds are used to account for and report the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the county, or to other governmental units, on a cost –reimbursement basis. The County reports risk management and self-insurance, health insurance, and shared service activities in internal service funds. Internal service fund activity and net position are allocated to governmental and enterprise activities through a calculated ratio of charges for services at a functional category level.

<u>Fiduciary Fund</u> - the Fiduciary Fund is used to account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and/or other governmental units. The following are components of the County's fiduciary fund:

- 1. Tax Custodial Funds
- 2. Unclaimed Custodial Funds
- 3. District Attorney
- 4. Clerk of Courts
- 5. West Central Drug Task Force
- 6. Sheriff Inmate Funds

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities,

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

and deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the County gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Taxes receivable for the following year are recognized as receivables and deferred inflows of resources. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met. Agency funds do not have a measurement focus

As a rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the government's utility functions and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Governmental fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when they are both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The County considers general revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after the end of the current fiscal period. Certain intergovernmental grant and aid Revenue under cost reimbursement programs are recognized when collected within 90 days after the end of the current fiscal period. This period is extended through 180 days for the Aging and Disability Resource Center and the Department of Human Services. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is uncured, except for principal and interest of general Long term Debt and acquisitions under capital Leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, miscellaneous taxes, public charges for services and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be available to accrual. All other revenue items are generally considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition. Cash and investment balances for individual funds are pooled unless maintained in segregated accounts.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

1. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Investment of County funds is restricted by state statutes. Available investments are limited to:

- a. Time deposits in any credit union, bank, savings bank or trust company maturing in three years or less.
- b. Bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government.
- c. Bonds or securities of any county, city, drainage district, technical college district, village, town, or school district of the state. Also, bonds issued by a local exposition district, a local professional baseball park district, a local professional football stadium district, a local cultural arts district, or by the University of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority.
- d. Any security maturing in seven years or less and having the highest or second highest rating category of a nationally recognized rating agency.
- e. Securities of an open-end management investment company or investment trust, subject to various conditions and investment options.
- f. The local government investment pool.
- g. Repurchase agreements with public depositories, with certain conditions.

The county has adopted an investment policy. That policy states that authorized investments shall conform to Wisconsin Statutes. It further states that deposits with banking institutions in excess of \$500,000 must be collateralized with pledged bank securities or secured by insurance or a deposit guarantee bond up to the total deposit in excess of the \$500,000.

The investment policy does not address concentration of credit risk, or interest rate risk.

Investments are stated at amortized cost or fair value. Fair value is the amount at which an investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. Fair values are based on quoted market prices. Adjustments necessary to record investments at fair value are recorded in the operating statement as increase or decreases in investment income.

The Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is part of the State Investment Fund (SIF) and is managed by the State of Wisconsin Investment Board. The SIF is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission but operates under the statutory authority of Wisconsin Statues Chapter 25. The SIF reports the value of its underlying assets annually. Participants in the LGIP have the right to withdraw their funds in total on one day's notice. At December 31, 2021, the value of the county's share of the LGIP's assets was substantially equal to the amount as reported in these statements.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (Continued)
 - 2. Receivables

Property Taxes. Property taxes are levied prior to the end of the calendar year and are due and collectible in the following year. Property taxes attach an enforceable lien as of January 1. Since County property taxes are not considered available until January 1 of the year following the levy, they are recorded as deferred inflows in the funds budgeted. The County also collects taxes for the City of Eau Claire, the City of Altoona and the Town of Ludington at which time unpaid taxes are assigned to the County and appropriate receivables and payables are recorded. Tax collections become the responsibility of the County and taxes receivable include unpaid taxes for all taxing entities within the county. The County makes restitution to local districts in August for payables recorded at the settlement date without regard to collected funds. A lien is placed on all properties for which a portion of the current tax levy remains unpaid as of September 1. A portion of the general fund's equity balance is nonspendable for the County's investment in delinquent taxes.

<u>Accounts Receivable.</u> Accounts receivable are shown at gross Amount. No allowance for uncollectible accounts had been provided since County administration believes such allowance would be material.

Sales Tax Receivable. The county has a .05% sales tax which is collected by the State of Wisconsin. Total revenues from this tax for the are recorded in the general fund. Sales tax revenue is distributed to all departments in the county through the tax levy allocation. The county has accrued two months of the subsequent year's collections as receivable.

Loans Receivable. The County has received federal and state grant funds for housing rehabilitation loans. The County records a loan receivable when the loan has been made and funds have been disbursed. The amounts recorded as rehabilitation loans receivable have not been reduced by an allowance for uncollectible accounts. It is the County's practice to record, in the fund financial statements, deferred inflows of resources for the net amount of the receivable balance. As loans are repaid, revenue is recognized. When new loans are made from the repayments, expenditures are recorded.

Interfund Balances. Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statement as "internal balances". Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance nonspendable account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

3. Prepaid Items and Other Assets

All Supplies are valued at cost using the average cost method for the highway department. Inventories of governmental funds, if material, are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

4. Restricted Assets

Mandatory segregations of assets, if any, are presented as restricted assets. Such segregations may be required by bond agreements and other external parties. Funds on deposit with Wisconsin Municipal Mutual Insurance Company for payment of insurance claims are combined with other participating governments. The county's deposit at year end was \$327,186. This amount is recorded as restricted assets in the government-wide financial statements and the internal service fund. Funds on hand at year end that have been segregated for use in the housing rehabilitation loan program totaled \$50,589. These funds have been set aside to facilitate additional revolving loans, as per Note 2.B. This amount has been recorded as a restricted asset in the general fund. Both amounts are recorded as restricted assets in the government-wide financial statements.

5. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity is reported differently in the Government-Wide Statements and the Fund Financial Statements, as described below.

Government-Wide Statements. Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with initial, individual costs as shown below and an estimated useful life of one year or greater. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

5. Capital Assets (Continued)

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities, if material, is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No interest was capitalized during the current year.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar valued above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements are as follows:

	Capitalization Threshold		Depreciation	Estimated
			Method	Useful Life
Land and Right of Way	\$	5,000	N/A	N/A
Land Improvements		5,000	Straight-line	15 Years
Buildings and Improvements		5,000	Straight-line	50 Years
Machinery and Equipment		5,000	Straight-line	3-20 Years
Infrastructure		25,000	Straight-line	25-50 Years
Intangibles		5,000	Straight-line	10 Years

Capital assets not being depreciated include land and construction in progress.

Fund Financial Statements. In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for in the same manner as in the government-wide statements.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

6. Deferred Outflows of Resources

The County reports decreases in net position or fund equity that relate to future periods as deferred outflows of resources in a separate section of its government-wide and proprietary funds statements of net position or governmental fund balance sheet. During the current year the County reports deferred outflows of resources in its government–wide and proprietary fund financial statements for the Wisconsin Retirement System Pension Plan related items. During the current year, the County reports a deferred outflows of resources in its government wide and proprietary fund financial statements wide and proprietary fund financial statements for the Wisconsin Retirement System County reports a deferred outflows of resources in its government wide and proprietary fund financial statements for the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) Pension Plan related items and the State Life Insurance Other difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price on the government-wide financial statement.

7. Deferred Inflows of Resources

The County's governmental activities and governmental fund financial statements report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element reflects an increase in net position or fund equity that applies to a future period. The County will not recognize the related revenue until a future event occurs. The County has two types of items which occur related to revenue recognition. The first occurs because property tax receivables are recorded in the current year, but the revenue will be recorded in the subsequent year. The second type of deferred inflow of resources occurs because governmental fund revenues are not recognized until available (generally collected no later than 60 days after the end of the County's year) under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The County also reports a deferred inflow of resources in its government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements for the Wisconsin Retirement System Pension Plan related items and the State Life Insurance other Post-Employment Benefits in the current year.

8. Compensated Absences

It is the County's policy to permit employees to accumulate paid leave benefits. Liabilities for accumulated employee leave benefits are not accrued in the County's governmental fund financial statements but are recorded as expenditures when paid. Such liabilities are accrued in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements when earned. The County's policies and estimated liabilities at year end are further discussed in Note 2.F.

9. Accrued Compensation

In both the fund financial statements, the proprietary statements, and the government-wide financial statements, accrued compensation includes salaries and wages payable to employees at year end, as well as the related payroll taxes and retirement contributions.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

10. Wisconsin Retirement System Pension Plan Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

The fiduciary net position of the Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (LRLIF) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about the fiduciary net position of the LRLIF and additions to/deductions from LRLIFs fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LRLIF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

12. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. In the governmental fund financial statements, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

13. Use of Restricted Resources

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

14. Equity Classifications

Fund equity, representing the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, is classified as follows in the County's financial statements:

Government-Wide, Enterprise Fund and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements. Fund equity is classified as net position in the government-wide, enterprise fund and fiduciary fund financial statements and is displayed in three components. Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement for those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. All other net position is displayed as unrestricted.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. In the governmental fund financial statements, governmental funds report components of fund balance to provide information about fund balance availability for appropriation.

- **1.** Nonspendable fund balance represents amounts that are inherently nonspendable or assets that will never be converted to cash or will not be converted to cash soon enough to affect the current period.
- **2.** Restricted fund balance represents amounts available for appropriation but intended for a specific use and is legally restricted by outside parties.
- **3.** Committed fund balance represents constraints on spending that the government imposes upon itself by high-level formal action prior to the close of the fiscal period. Any changes to the constraints imposed require the same formal action of the county board that originally created the commitment.
- **4.** Assigned fund balance represents resources intended for spending for a purpose set by the government body itself or by some person or body delegated to exercise such authority in accordance with policy established by the Board.
- **5.** Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the County's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

When restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available for expenditure, it is the County's practice to first use restricted fund balance. When committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance is available for expenditure, it is the County's practice to use committed, assigned and finally unassigned fund balance.

It is the County's policy that at the end of each fiscal year, the County will maintain a minimum unassigned fund balance level between 20% and 30% of the ensuing year's budgeted general fund expenditures, or the County's projected annual general debt service payment, whichever is greater.

NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

The County's cash and investments balances at December 31, 2021 as shown in the financial statements are as follows:

Governmental Activities	\$ 61,324,662
Business-Type Activities	6,389,201
Fiduciary Funds	 5,735,814
Total	\$ 73,449,677

The cash and investments balances consisted of the following:

Treasurer's Cash and Investments:		
Deposits in Financial Institutions	\$ 48,821,918	
Deposits in State Local-Government		
Pooled-Investment Fund	24,273,735	
Repurchase Agreements	25,000	\$ 73,120,653
Cash held by Fiscal Agent		
Deposits with WMMIC		327,186
Petty Cash Funds		1,838
Total Cash and Investments at		
December 31, 2021		\$ 73,449,677

Deposits at Financial Institutions

The insurance coverage of public unit accounts depends upon the type of deposit and the location of the insured depository institution. All time and savings deposits owned by a public unit and held by the public unit's official custodian in an insured depository institution within the State in which the public unit is located are added together and insured up to \$250,000. Separately, all demand deposits owned by a public unit and held by the public unit's official custodian in an insured depository institution within the State in which the public unit and held by the public unit's official custodian in an insured depository institution within the State in which the public unit is located are added together and insured up to \$250,000. For the purpose of these rules, the term 'time and savings deposits' includes NOW accounts and money market deposit accounts but does not include interest-bearing demand deposits' means both interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing deposits that are payable on demand and for which the depository institution does not reserve the right to require advance notice of an intended withdrawal.

NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

A. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Deposits at Financial Institutions (Continued)

The insurance coverage of accounts held by government depositors is different if the depository institution is located outside the State in which the public unit is located. In that case, all deposits, both time and savings deposits and demand deposits, owned by the public unit and held by the public unit's official custodian are added together and insured up to \$250,000. Time and savings deposits are not insured separately from demand deposits. Coverage under the State Guarantee Fund may not exceed \$400,000 above the amount of coverage under federal depository insurance at any institution and is limited by the availability of the appropriations authorized therein. (Due to the relatively small size of the State Guarantee Fund in relation to the total coverage, total recovery of losses may not be available.) Also, Section 34.07 of the Wisconsin Statutes authorizes the County to collateralize its deposits that exceed the amount of coverage provided by federal depository insurance and the State Guarantee Fund. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of failure, the County's deposits may not be returned.

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in event of bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned. At December 31, 2021 the deposits were fully collateralized.

Investments

The County's investments at December 31, 2021 consisted of deposits in the state of Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool (an external investment pool), repurchase agreements, U.S. government agencies and instrumentalities, obligations, and a money market mutual fund.

Deposits in State Local Government Pooled-Investment Fund. The state of Wisconsin offers a Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) to local government units to enable them to voluntarily invest idle funds in State Investment Fund. Local funds are pooled with state funds and invested by the State Investment Board. There is no minimum or maximum amount that can be invested by a local governmental unit. Interest is earned on a daily basis and withdrawals are generally available on the day of request. Deposits in the LGIP are not covered by federal depository insurance but are subject to coverage under the State Guarantee Fund. Also, the State of Wisconsin Investment Board has obtained a surety bond to protect deposits in the LGIP against defaults in principal payments on the LGIP's investments (subject to certain limitations). The average monthly weighted average maturity of the State Investment Fund's investments for 2021 was 63 days.

NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

A. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

U.S. Government Agencies and Instrumentalities Obligations. The County's investments in these obligations at December 31, 2021 are summarized as follows:

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the County will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

Credit risk for investments is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. The County's policy is to invest its funds in accordance with provisions of the Wisconsin Statutes previously discussed.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the fair values of investments with maturity dates farther into the future are more sensitive to changes in market interest rates. As of December 31, 2021 the County's carries no investments with maturity dates in excess of a year.

The county has no investments measured at fair value as of December 31, 2021. Investments are measured at amortized cost

B. Receivables

Housing Rehabilitation Loans. The County has been awarded federal Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Program grants through the Wisconsin Department of Administration for the purpose of financing housing rehabilitation loans. Repayments received on the original loans are to be recorded in a separate housing revolving loan account and are to be used to finance similar loans eligible under the program. At December 31, 2021, the County had 61 loans outstanding totaling \$745,973. The County has delegated the administration of this program to the Eau Claire County Housing Authority and performs annual oversight activities over the management of the program.

NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2021 was as follows:

Governmental Activities

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
overnmental Activities				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 4,089,090	\$-	\$-	\$ 4,089,090
Right of way	2,459,298	26,900	-	2,486,198
Construction in Progress	786,831	8,240,617	6,817,379	2,210,069
Other Work in Progress	602,255	1,156,753	792,608	966,400
Total Capital Assets				
Not Being Depreciated	7,937,474	9,424,270	7,609,987	9,751,757
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Land Improvements	4,430,435	50,626	846,041	3,635,020
Intangibles	3,021,127	1,778,872	398,073	4,401,926
Buildings	82,667,838	1,228,230	102,366	83,793,702
Machinery and equipment	12,320,388	1,009,370	1,570,318	11,759,440
Infrastructure	135,518,237	9,771,649	5,367,324	139,922,562
Total Capital Assets				·
Being Depreciated	237,958,025	13,838,747	8,284,122	243,512,650
Accumulated Depreciation:				
Land Improvements	1,190,565	73,540	174,362	1,089,743
Intangibles	1,032,725	285,538	(309,072)	1,627,335
Buildings	23,617,672	1,816,193	49,719	25,384,146
Machinery and equipment	6,678,793	1,322,918	1,685,327	6,316,384
Infrastructure	46,033,700	3,889,300	3,956,729	45,966,271
Total Accumulated Depreciation	78,553,455	7,387,489	5,557,065	80,383,879
Capital Assets Net of Depreciation	\$ 167,342,044	\$ 15,875,528	\$ 10,337,044	\$ 172,880,528

Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

	D	Depreciation Expense		
General County Assets:				
General Government	\$	1,592,172		
Public Safety		1,340,655		
Public Works		3,910,684		
Health and Human Services		161,579		
Culture, Recreation and Education		348,410		
Conservation and Development		33,989		
	\$	7,387,489		

NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

C. Capital Assets (Continued)

Business-Type Activities

Depreciation was charged to business-type activities as follows:

	Beginning						Ending	
		Balance	Increases		Decreases			Balance
Business-type Activities								
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:								
Land	\$	2,495,979	\$	277,901	\$	-	\$	2,773,880
Construction Work in Progress		4,719,957		3,106,792		1,537,338		6,289,411
Total Capital Assets Not								
Being Depreciated		7,215,936		3,384,693		1,537,338		9,063,291
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:								
Land Improvements		26,714,838		1,551,213		-		28,266,051
Buildings and Improvements		30,283,701		-		-		30,283,701
Machinery and Equipment		17,523,611		727,615		624,607		17,626,619
Total Capital Assets Being								
Depreciated		74,522,150		2,278,828		624,607		76,176,371
Accumulated Depreciation:								
Land Improvements		12,194,764		824,149		-		13,018,913
Buildings and Improvements		13,622,532		886,890		-		14,509,422
Machinery and Equipment		9,015,346		1,059,021		484,575		9,589,792
Total Accumulated Depreciation		34,832,642		2,770,060		484,575		37,118,127
Net Capital Assets - Business type								
Activities	\$	46,905,444	\$	2,893,461	\$	1,677,370	\$	48,121,535
Highway Department		\$ 1 (ารค	,774				
•••				-				
Airport		Ί,	133	,286				

NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

D. Interfund Receivables and Payables

The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2021 was as follows:

Due to/from Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
General Fund	Human Services	\$	3,891,019
The above interfund	balances were for temporary financing of	operating	expenditures

The above interfund balances were for temporary financing of operating expenditures and are expected to be repaid in 2022. Interfund balances owed within the governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net position.

Within the government-wide statement of net position the County reports an internal balance of \$305,073 which reflects the interfund receivable/payable created with the internal service fund elimination for the statement.

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers during the year consisted of the following:

Fund Transferred To	Fund Transferred From	 Amount
Highway Department Human Services Fund	Capital Projects General Fund	\$ 5,887,888 33,478
General Fund	Human Services Fund	 64,600
		\$ 5,985,966

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that collects them to the fund that the budget requires to expend them.

NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

E. Long-Term Obligations

Changes in Long-Term Obligations

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations of the County for the year ended December 31, 2021:

	Balances 1/1/21	Additions	Reductions	Balances 12/31/21	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Bonds and Notes Payable					
General Obligation Debt	\$ 84,805,000	\$ 43,295,000	\$ 23,955,000	\$ 104,145,000	\$ 12,745,000
Premiums	3,105,815	3,845,962	670,977	6,280,800	-
Subtotal	87,910,815	47,140,962	24,625,977	110,425,800	12,745,000
Other Liabilities					
Vested Compensated Absences	2,818,957	168,085	-	2,987,042	1,792,225
Unpaid Self-Insurance Claims	1,924,918	90,063	377,955	1,637,026	656,916
Long-Term Payable to City of Eau Claire	71,934	-	7,572	64,362	7,572
Total Other Liabilities	\$ 4,815,809	\$ 258,148	\$ 385,527	\$ 4,688,430	\$ 2,456,713
Total Governmental Activities					
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 92,726,624	\$ 47,399,110	\$ 25,011,504	\$ 115,114,230	\$ 15,201,713
Dusiness Tune Activities					
Business-Type Activities Other Liabilities					
Capital Lease Payable	\$ 862.783	\$-	\$ 450.320	\$ 412.463	\$ 412.463
Vested Compensated Absences	375,455	Ψ -	φ 400,020 66.226	309.229	185,537
Total Other Liabilities	1.238.238		516,546	721.692	598.000
	.,200,200		0.0,010	.2.,302	000,000
Total Business-Type Activities		•		* 704.000	6 5 00.000
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 1,238,238	\$-	\$ 516,546	\$ 721,692	\$ 598,000

The full faith, credit, and resources of the County are irrevocably pledged to secure payment of principal and interest on general obligation bonds and notes. Aggregate cash flow requirements for the retirement of general obligation long-term principal and interest on December 31, 2021 are as follows:

Governmental Activities	Year	 Principal		Interest		Total
General Obligation						
Bond Series 2013A, \$7,600,000	2022	\$ 815,000	\$	39,338	\$	854,338
dated 10/22/2013, due 9/1/2023	2023	 840,000		21,000		861,000
interest rate 2.00% to 2.50%		 1,655,000		60,338		1,715,338
General Obligation						
Bond Series 2014A, \$10,000,000	2022	1,045,000		66,826		1,111,826
dated 10/02/2014, due 9/1/2024	2023	1,070,000		45,926		1,115,926
interest rate 1.00% to 2.25%	2024	1,090,000		24,526		1,114,526
		 3,205,000		137,278		3,342,278
General Obligation						
Bond Series 2015A, \$9,500,000	2022	965,000		82,276		1,047,276
dated 10/17/2015, due 9/1/2025	2023	985,000		62,976		1,047,976
interest rate 2.00% to 2.25%	2024	1,005,000		43,276		1,048,276
	2025	 1,030,000		23,176		1,053,176
		 3,985,000		211,704		4,196,704

NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

E. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

Changes in Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

	Year	Principal	Interest	Total
General Obligation				
Promissory Notes Series, 2016A,	2022	\$ 1,275,000	\$ 160,400	\$ 1,435,400
\$12,630,000 dated 9/7/2016, due 9/1/2026	2023	1,315,000	122,150	1,437,150
interest rate 2.00% to 3.0%	2024	1,350,000	82,700	1,432,700
	2025	1,380,000	55,700	1,435,700
	2026	1,405,000	28,100	1,433,100
		6,725,000	449,050	7,174,050
General Obligation				
Refunding Bonds. Series 2016B \$14,235,000	2022	1,400,000	141,952	1,541,952
dated 9/7/16, due 9/1/2027	2023	1,430,000	113,952	1,543,952
interest rate 1.25% to 2.0%	2024	1,440,000	96,078	1,536,078
	2025	1,445,000	76,638	1,521,638
	2026	1,455,000	54,962	1,509,962
	2027	1,475,000	29,500	1,504,500
		8,645,000	513,082	9,158,082
Concrel Obligation				
General Obligation Bond Series 2017A \$9,750,000	2022	950,000	119,900	1,069,900
dated 10/24/2017, due 9/1/2027	2022	970,000	100,900	1,070,900
interest rate 2.0%	2023	990,000	81,500	1,071,500
	2024	1,005,000	61,700	1,066,700
	2025	1,030,000	41,600	1,071,600
	2020	1,050,000	21,000	1,071,000
	2021	5,995,000	426,600	6,421,600
General Obligation				
Promissory Notes Series, 2018A,	2022	965,000	222,500	1,187,500
dated 11/1/2018, due 9/1/2028	2023	1,005,000	183,900	1,188,900
interest rate 3.0% to 4.0%	2024	965,000	153,750	1,118,750
	2025	995,000	124,800	1,119,800
	2026	1,025,000	94,950	1,119,950
	2027-2028	2,140,000	96,750	2,236,750
		7,095,000	876,650	7,971,650
General Obligation				
Promissory Notes Series, 2019A,	2022	1,165,000	160,550	1,325,550
dated 10/30/2019, due 9/1/2029	2023	1,200,000	125,600	1,325,600
interest rate 3.0%	2024	1,225,000	101,600	1,326,600
	2025	740,000	77,100	817,100
	2026	755,000	62,300	817,300
	2027-2029	2,360,000	95,100	2,455,100
		7,445,000	622,250	8,067,250

NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

E. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

Changes in Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

	Year	 Principal	 Interest	 Total
General Obligation				
Promissory Notes Series, 2020A,	2022	\$ 1,120,000	\$ 527,800	\$ 1,647,800
dated 7/1/2020, due 3/1/2030	2023	1,240,000	471,800	1,711,800
interest rate 5.0%	2024	1,310,000	409,800	1,719,800
	2025	1,395,000	344,300	1,739,300
	2026	1,055,000	274,550	1,329,550
	2027-2030	 9,980,000	 548,850	 10,528,850
		16,100,000	2,577,100	18,677,100
General Obligation				
Promissory Notes Series, 2021A,	2022	600,000	641,889	1,241,889
dated 6/15/2021, due 9/1/2031	2023	745,000	500,000	1,245,000
interest rate 4.0% to 5.0%	2024	790,000	462,750	1,252,750
	2025	835,000	423,250	1,258,250
	2026	885,000	381,500	1,266,500
	2027-2031	7,685,000	1,198,650	8,883,650
		11,540,000	3,608,039	15,148,039
General Obligation				
Promissory Notes Series, 2021B,	2022	1,445,000	766,307	2,211,307
dated 6/5/2021, due 3/1/2041	2023	1,150,000	502,928	1,652,928
interest rate 1.3% to 3.0%	2024	975,000	468,428	1,443,428
	2025	1,005,000	439,178	1,444,178
	2026	1,035,000	409,028	1,444,028
	2027-2031	5,655,000	1,560,790	7,215,790
	2032-2036	6,255,000	954,378	7,209,378
	2037-2041	6,830,000	 382,524	7,212,524
		24,350,000	 5,483,561	29,833,561
General Obligation				
Promissory Notes Series, 2021C,	2022	1,000,000	262,013	1,262,013
dated 4/6/2021, due 3/1/2031	2023	1,005,000	156,782	1,161,782
interest rate 1.125% to 3.0%	2024	930,000	126,632	1,056,632
	2025	905,000	98,732	1,003,732
	2026	930,000	71,582	1,001,582
	2027-2031	2,635,000	106,584	2,741,584
		 7,405,000	 822,325	 8,227,325
Total Governmental Activities		\$ 104,145,000	\$ 15,787,977	\$ 119,932,977

General Obligation Debt Limitation. Section 67.03 of the Wisconsin Statutes restricts county general obligation debt to 5% of the equalized value of all property in the county. At December 31, 2021, the County's debt limit amounted to \$529,595,255 and indebtedness subject to the limitation totaled \$104,145,000.

<u>Current Refunding.</u> On June 15, 2021, the County issued \$11,540,000 in general obligation refunding bonds (Series 2021A) with interest rates of 4.00%-5.00%. The par value plus \$2,279,615 of issue premium, along with available cash reserves in the amount of \$1,178,456, was used to refund the 2022 through 2031 maturities of existing outstanding general obligation bonds (Series 2011B). The net proceeds, along with the premium from the bond, were used to prepay the outstanding debt.

NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

E. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

<u>Current Refunding (Continued).</u> The current refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments over the next 10 years by \$1,860,466 and resulted in an economic gain (difference between present value of old and new debt service payments) of \$1,709,336.

<u>Employee Leave Liability.</u> Employees earn paid time off (PTO) at varying rates based on length of service which includes maximum accrual hours as stated in the County's policy. Upon separation of service from the County based on years of service and date hired the County will notify the separated employee of the method of pay out. The payout is based on the current rate of pay. At December 31, 2021, vested PTO earned and not taken was approximately \$2,987,042 in the governmental funds and \$309,229 in the business-type activities determined on the basis of current wage and salary rates.

<u>Capital Leases.</u> The County has entered into leases for the purchase of vehicles and equipment within the Highway fund. The assets acquired through capital leases included in the previous capital asset schedule a total of \$2,558,263 in cost and have accumulated depreciation totaling \$1,188,038 for a net book value of \$1,370,225 as of December 31, 2021.

Minimum lease payments over the term of the lease are as follows:

	Bus	Business-Type			
Year	Funds				
2022	\$	420,383			
Less: Interest		7,920			
Total	\$	412,463			

F. Operating Leases

The County has entered into a 20 year lease commencing January 1, 2014 and continuing through December 31, 2033 to allow the City of Eau Claire to operate a Joint Law Enforcement Center within the Eau Claire Courthouse. The lease may be extended for up to two additional ten-year terms at the option of the city. The monthly rental rate is adjusted annually based on actual operational costs. The total rental payments received by the county were \$332,269 for the year ended December 31, 2021.

In addition, the County has a 10-year lease, which began January 1, 2013 and continues through December 31, 2022, to allow the City-County Health Department to use space on the ground floor of the Eau Claire Courthouse. The lease may be extended for up to two additional five-year terms at the option of the County. The monthly rental rate is adjusted annually based on actual operational costs. The total rental payments received by the county were \$129,852 for the year ended December 31, 2021.

NOTE 2 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

G. Fund Balances

The governmental fund balances reported on the fund financial statements at December 31, 2021 consisted of the following:

	General Fund	Human Services	Debt Service	Capital Projects	ARPA Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Total
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable							
Delinquent Taxes and Tax Deeds	1,072,056	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 1,072,056
Inventory	3,607	7,316	-	-	-	-	10,923
Prepaid Items	87,335	4,944	-	-	-	6,600	98,879
Restricted for							
Housing Rehabilitation Loans	50,589	-	-	-	-	-	50,589
Donor Purposes	-	37,138	-	-	-	-	37,138
Future Debt Service Payments	-	-	2,228,062	-	-	-	2,228,062
Recycling	-	-	-	-	-	423,520	423,520
Specialized Transportation Program	-	-	-	-	-	285,411	285,411
Assigned to							
Subsequent Year Budget Carryforward	1,223,433	-	-	-	-	-	1,223,433
Future Watershed Expenditures	-	-	-	-	-	178,512	178,512
Future Capital Projects	-	-	-	25,860,964	-	-	25,860,964
Future ADRC Expenditures	-	-	-	-	-	382,344	382,344
Future Anti-Drug Expenditures	-	-	-	-	-	20,022	20,022
Future Land Records Expenditures	-	-	-	-	-	156,387	156,387
Unassigned	17,857,024	(1,828,293)		-	(31,905)		15,996,826
Total Fund Balances	\$ 20,294,044	\$ (1,778,895)	\$ 2,228,062	\$ 25,860,964	\$ (31,905)	\$ 1,452,796	\$ 48,025,066

NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION

A. Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) Pension Plan Benefits

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The WRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible state of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, expected to work at least 1200 hours a year (880 hours for teachers and school district educational support employees) and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Annual Report (ACFR), which can be found at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

Vesting. For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

A. Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) Pension Plan Benefits (Continued)

General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

Benefits Provided. Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupations and 62 for elected officials and executive service retirement plan participants, if hired on or before 12/31/2016) are entitled to a retirement benefit based on a formula factor, their final average earnings, and creditable service.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest annual earnings periods. Creditable service includes current service and prior service for which a participant received earnings and made contributions as required. Creditable service also includes creditable military service. The retirement benefit will be calculated as a money purchase benefit based on the employee's contributions plus matching employer's contributions, with interest, if that benefit is higher than the formula benefit.

Benefits Provided (Continued). Vested participants may retire at or after age 55 (50 for protective occupations) and receive an actuarially-reduced benefit. Participants terminating covered employment prior to eligibility for an annuity may either receive employee-required contributions plus interest as a separation benefit or leave contributions on deposit and defer application until eligible to receive a retirement benefit.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

Contributions. Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for general category employees, including teachers, and Executives and Elected Officials. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the fiscal reporting period January 1, 2021 through December 31, 2021, the WRS recognized \$2,295,856 in contributions from the employer.

Contribution rates as of December 31, 2021 are:

	Employee	_Employer_	Duty Disability
General	6.75%	6.75%	-
Executives and Elected Officials	6.75%	6.75%	-
Protective with Social Security	6.75%	11.75%	1.105%
Protective without Social Security	6.75%	16.35%	1.110%

NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

A. Wisconsin Retirement System Pension Plan Benefits (Continued)

General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

Post-Retirement Adjustments. The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the "floor") set at retirement. The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

	Core Fund	Variable Fund
<u>Year</u>	_Adjustment %	Adjustment %
2011	(1.2)	11.0
2012	(7.0)	(7.0)
2013	(9.6)	9.0
2014	4.7	25.0
2015	2.9	2.0
2016	0.5	(5.0)
2017	2.0	4.0
2018	2.4	17.0
2019	0.0	(10.0)
2020	5.1	13.0

Pension Assets, Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2021, the County reported an asset of \$12,978,329 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019 rolled forward to December 31, 2020. No material changes in assumptions or benefits terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The County's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2020, the County's proportion was .20788148%, which was an increase of 0.00224141% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2019.

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the County recognized pension expense (income) of (\$1,409,868). At December 31, 2021, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

A. Wisconsin Retirement System Pension Plan Benefits (Continued)

Pension Asset, Liability, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Description		Deferred Outflows of Resources		ferred Inflows f Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual	\$	\$ 18,783,627		4,045,959
Changes of Assumptions		294,373		-
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		-		24,365,754
Difference between actual and proportionate share of actual employer contributions Share of Contributions		21,290		15,675
County Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date Total	\$	2,295,856	\$	
	Ψ	21,000,140	Ψ	20,727,300

\$2,295,856 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an addition to the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension
	Expense
Year Ending December 31:	Amount
2021	\$ (2,399,014)
2022	(648,101)
2023	(4,410,804)
2024	(1,870,179)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension asset in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

A. Wisconsin Retirement System Pension Plan Benefits (Continued)

<u>Pension Asset, Liability, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)</u>

Actuarial Valuation Date: Measurement Date of Net Pension Liability (Asset): Actuarial Cost Method: Asset Valuation Method:	December 31, 2019 December 31, 2020 Entry Age Fair Value
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:	7.0%
Discount Rate:	7.0%
Salary Increases:	
Inflation:	3.0%
Seniority/Merit	0.1% - 5.6%
Mortality:	WRS 2018 Mortality Table
Post-retirement Adjustments*:	1.9%

*No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 1.9% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2018 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2015 to December 31, 2017. The total pension liability for December 31, 2020 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected	Long-Term Expected Real
Core Fund Asset Class	Asset Allocation %	Nominal Rate of Return %	Rate of Return %
Global Equities	51	7.2	4.7
Fixed Income	25	3.2	0.8
Inflation Sensitive Assets	16	2.0	(0.4)
Real Estate	8	5.6	3.1
Private Equity/Debt	11	10.2	7.6
Multi-Asset	4	5.8	3.3
Total Core Fund	115	6.6	4.1
Variable Fund Asset Class			
U.S. Equities	70	6.6	4.1
International Equities	30	7.4	4.9
Total Variable Fund	100	7.1	4.6

New England Pension Consultants Long Term US CPI (Inflation) Forecast: 2.4%

Asset allocations are managed within established ranges, target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations.

NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

A. Wisconsin Retirement System Pension Plan Benefits (Continued)

Pension Asset, Liability, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Discount rate. A single discount rate of 7.00% was used to measure the Total Pension Liability for the current and prior year. This single discount rate is based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% and a municipal bond rate of 2.00% (Source: Fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of December 31, 2020. In describing this index, Fidelity notes that the Municipal Curves are constructed using option-adjusted analytics of a diverse population of over 10,000 tax-exempt securities.). Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 7.00% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 1.9% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	19	% Decrease (6.00%)	 rrent Discount Rate (7.00%)	1	8.00%) (8.00%)
County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	12,353,570	\$ (12,978,329)	\$	(31,584,420)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

B. Other Post-Employment Benefits – Multiple Employer Plan

Plan Description. The LRLIF is a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. LRLIF benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF) and the Group Insurance Board have statutory authority for program administration and oversight. The plan provides post-employment life insurance benefits for all eligible employees.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position. ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

Benefits Provided. The LRLIF plan provides fully paid up life insurance benefits for postage 64 retired employees and pre-65 retirees who pay for their coverage.

Contributions. The Group Insurance Board approves contribution rates annually, based on recommendations from the insurance carrier. Recommended rates are based on an annual valuation, taking into consideration an estimate of the present value of future benefits and the present value of future contributions. A portion of employer contributions made during a member's working lifetime funds a post-retirement benefit.

Employers are required to pay the following contributions based on member contributions for active members to provide them with Basic Coverage after age 64. There are no employer contributions required for pre-age 65 annuitant coverage. If a member retires prior to age 65, they must continue paying the member premiums until age 65 in order to be eligible for the benefit after age 65.

Contribution rates as of December 31, 2021 are:

Coverage Type	Employer Contribution
50% Post Retirement Coverage	40% of Employee Contribution
25% Post Retirement Coverage	20% of Employee Contribution

Employee contributions are based upon nine age bands through age 69 and an additional eight age bands for those age 70 and over. Participating employees must pay monthly contribution rates per \$1,000 of coverage until the age of 65 (age 70 if active). The employee contribution rates in effect for the year ended December 31, 2020 are:

Attained Age	Basic
Under 30	\$0.05
30-34	0.06
35-39	0.07
40-44	0.08
45-49	0.12
50-54	0.22
55-59	0.39
60-64	0.49
65-69	0.57

During the reporting period, the LRLIF recognized \$7,453 in contributions from the County.

NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

B. Other Post-Employment Benefits – Multiple Employer Plan (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities/Assets, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At December 31, 2021, the County reported a liability of \$2,545,355 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2020. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The County's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the County's share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2020, the County's proportion was 0.4627310%, which was a decrease of 0.01850500% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2020.

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$294,248. At December 31, 2021, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
Description	Resources	Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ -	\$ 121,456
Changes of Assumptions or Other Input	990,179	174,646
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings		
on OPEB Investments	37,059	-
Change in Proportion and Differences Between Employer		
Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions		94,247
County Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement		
Date	7,453	
Total	\$ 1,034,691	\$ 390,349

\$7,453 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	OPE	OPEB Expense		
Year Ending December 31,	/	Amount		
2020	\$	119,640		
2021		115,633		
2022		111,505		
2023		100,356		
2024		131,763		
Thereafter		57,992		

NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

B. Other Post-Employment Benefits – Multiple Employer Plan (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities/Assets, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date:	January 1, 2020
Measurement Date of Net OPEB Liability (Asset):	December 31, 2020
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age Normal
20-Year Tax-Exempt Municipal Bond Yield:	2.12%
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:	4.25%
Discount Rate:	2.25%
Salary Increases:	
Inflation	3.00%
Seniority/Merit	0.20% - 5.60%
Mortality:	Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2018 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2015 to December 31, 2017. The total OPEB liability for December 31, 2020 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the January 1 2020 actuarial valuation.

Long-term expected Return on Plan Assets. The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. Investments for the LRLIF are held with Securian, the insurance carrier. Interest is calculated and credited to the LRLIF based on the rate of return for a segment of the insurance carriers' general fund, specifically 10-year A-Bonds (as a proxy, and not tied to any specific investments). The overall aggregate interest rate is calculated using a tiered approach based on the year the funds were originally invested and the rate of return for that year. Investment interest is credited based on the aggregate rate of return and assets are not adjusted to fair market value. Furthermore, the insurance carrier guarantees the principal amounts of the reserves, including all interest previously credited thereto:

Asset Class	Index	Target Allocation	Geometric Real Rate of Return		
U.S. Credit Bonds	Barclays Credit	50.00%	1.47%		
U.S. Mortgages	Barclays MBS	50.00%	0.82%		
Inflation			2.20%		
Long-Term Expected Ra	ate of Return		4.25%		

NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

B. Other Post-Employment Benefits – Multiple Employer Plan (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities/Assets, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return and expected inflation rate remained unchanged from the prior year at 4.25% and 2.20% respectively. The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation.

Single Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 2.25% was used to measure the Total OPEB Liability for the current year, as opposed to a discount rate of 2.87% for the prior year. The significant change in the discount rate was primarily caused by the decrease in the municipal bond rate from 2.74% as of December 31, 2019 to 2.12% as of December 31, 2020. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the Total OPEB Liability is equal to the single equivalent rate that results in the same actuarial present value as the long-term expected rate of return applied to benefit payments, to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments, and the municipal bond rate applied to benefit payment to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments, and the uncial bond rate applied to benefit payment to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be insufficient. The plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through December 31, 2036.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate assumed that the employer contributions will be made according to the current employer contribution schedule and that contributions are made by plan members retiring prior to age 65.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 2.25%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (1.25%) or one-percentage-point higher (3.25%) than the current rate:

		One Percent	Current	One Percent	
		Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase	
		(1.25%)	(2.25%)	(3.25%)	
Proportionate Share of the Net					
OPEB Liability (Asset)	12/31/2021	\$ 3,462,410	\$ 2,545,355	\$ 1,851,812	

NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

C. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

For theft and property damage claims, the uninsured risk of loss is \$10,000 per incident and unlimited in the aggregate for a policy year. The County purchases commercial insurance to provide coverage for losses for theft and property damage. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage limits in any of the past three years. Management believes the current coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the county.

Public Entity Risk Pool- Wisconsin Municipal Mutual Insurance Company

The County is self-insured for workers' compensation coverage. Claims are paid through Wisconsin Municipal Mutual Insurance Company.

Wisconsin Municipal Mutual Insurance Company (WMMIC) was organized in 1987 by municipal members in the State of Wisconsin under Wisconsin Insurance Laws as a non-assessable municipal insurance company. WMMIC writes general, auto and other liability insurance, and workers compensation insurance for participating members in the State of Wisconsin on terms calling for recognition of premium upon the effective date of the policy. Responsibility for the operations and the management of WMMIC is vested in its executive director and Board of Directors, which is comprised of various municipal officials. WMMIC limits the maximum net loss that can arise from large risks or risks in concentrated areas of exposure by reinsuring (ceding) certain levels or risks with other insurers or reinsurers. Ceded reinsurance is treated as the risk and liability of the assuming companies. Such reinsurance includes all lines of insurance.

WMMIC had a general, automobile, and other liability reinsurance contract in force for the year ended December 31, 2021. This is a quota share reinsurance agreement with General Reinsurance Corporation (60%) and Governmental Entities Mutual (GEM) Insurance Company (40%) for excess of loss reinsurance. The contract covered losses (in excess of the self-insured retention of each member) which exceed \$1,500,000 per occurrence up to the maximum loss of \$12,000,000 per occurrence. WMMIC retains the first \$1,000,000 of the loss excess of each member's self-insured retention. The members retain all losses greater than \$12,000,000 per occurrence or greater than \$30,000,000 of aggregate losses for public officials' liability only. GEM has established and funded a trust account for its anticipated loss obligations to WMMIC to satisfy state regulatory requirements due to its status as an unauthorized reinsurer in Wisconsin.

NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

C. Risk Management (Continued)

Public Entity Risk Pool- Wisconsin Municipal Mutual Insurance Company (Continued)

WMMIC has contracted with Safety National Casualty Corporation to provide 100% reinsurance coverage for workers compensation insurance in excess of the members' self-insured retention limits, which are \$575,000 for all but one member that has a retention of \$650,000.

The County's investment in WMMIC is reported on the County's risk management internal service fund statement of net position. The amount reported is \$999,731 (the original capitalization of \$937,000 plus an additional capital deposit of \$62,731). Payments to WMMIC for current year insurance coverage are also reflected in the internal service fund.

All funds of the County participate in the risk management programs and make payments to the risk management internal service fund. Charges for general liability are based primarily on exposure and claim experience. Workers' compensation premium charges are based primarily on payroll, worker classification, and claims experience.

Self-Insured Health Insurance

The County contracted with a third-party administrator (TPA) to self-insure a portion of employee health insurance deductibles. The County uses this TPA to manage a medical reimbursement program that works to offset health insurance copays and deductibles that an employee may incur through the county health insurance plan. The program is designed to save the County money on fully insured health insurance plans.

Liabilities of the fund are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Claim liabilities are based on information received prior to the issue of the financial statements that indicate a claim has been incurred as of the date of the financial statements. The County does not allocate overhead costs or other non-incremental costs to the claims liability.

Charges for the self-insured portion of health insurance are based on actual employee health insurance enrollment and related claims.

Claims Summary

Changes in the claims liability balances for workers' compensation, liability, and selfinsured health insurance during the past two years are as follows:

	 2021	 2020		
Estimated Claims Outstanding January 1	\$ 1,924,918	\$ 1,735,699		
Current Year Claims and Changes	1,073,199	1,501,362		
Claims Payments	(1,361,091)	(1,312,143)		
Estimated Claims Outstanding December 31	\$ 1,637,026	\$ 1,924,918		

NOTE 3 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

D. Contingencies

The County has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grants. Management believes such disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

E. Subsequent Events

Management evaluated subsequent events through July 25, 2022, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Events or transactions occurring after December 31, 2021, but prior to July 26, 2022 that provided additional evidence about conditions that existed at December 31, 2021, have been recognized in the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021. Events or transactions that provided evidence about conditions that did not exist at December 31, 2021, but arose before the financial statements were available to be issued have not been recognized in the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021.

On April 4, 2022, the County issued \$5,570,000 of general obligation highway facility bonds for the purpose of additional financing of the new highway facility project. The bonds earn interest of between 3.0% and 4.0% and mature on March 1, 2042.

NOTE 4 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Deficit Balances

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require disclosure of individual funds that have deficit balances at year-end.

At December 31, 2021 the following individual funds held a deficit balance:

 Human Services Fund
 \$ (1,778,895)

 APRA Fund
 (31,905)

The human services fund deficit will be primarily funded upon receipt of the Wisconsin Medicaid Cost Reporting (WIMCR) reimbursement from the State of Wisconsin. This reimbursement is expected to be received in December of the subsequent year. The deficit fund balance of the ARPA fund is primarily due to negative investment earnings for the year. The deficit is expected to be eliminated as grant revenue is recognized through completion of the ARPA funded projects and future interest earnings and other revenue sources.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

EAU CLAIRE COUNTY, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

				Variance with Final Budget -	
	Budgeted Amounts			Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 24,997,264		28,035,181	\$ 2,633,410	
Intergovernmental	5,752,716		5,727,348	(267,714)	
Licenses and Permits	424,138		577,792	153,654	
Fines and Forfeits	502,970	502,970	304,102	(198,868)	
Public Charges for Services	3,995,211	3,995,211	4,338,173	342,962	
Intergovernmental Charge for Services	169,597	169,597	113,590	(56,007)	
Miscellaneous					
Investment Income (Loss)	101,200	101,200	(34,113)	(135,313)	
Rent	465,680	465,680	467,686	2,006	
Other	95,028	128,746	362,617	233,871	
Total Revenues	36,503,804	37,184,375	39,892,376	2,708,001	
EXPENDITURES					
General Government	12,993,172	13,574,625	11,926,914	1,647,711	
Public Safety	16,339,662		16,078,807	707,769	
Health and Human Services	3,127,983		3,062,039	66,912	
Culture, Recreation and Education	2,452,833		2,520,155	6,738	
Conservation and Development	1,910,354		1,794,809	159,169	
Total Expenditures	36,824,004		35,382,724	2,588,299	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES	(320,200) (786,648)	4,509,652	5,296,300	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Sale of County Property	10,000	10,000	285,180	275,180	
Transfers In	-	-	64,600	64,600	
Transfers Out	-	-	(33,478)	(33,478)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	10,000	10,000	316,302	306,302	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (310,200) \$ (776,648)	4,825,954	\$ 5,602,602	
Fund Balance (Deficit) - January 1			15,468,090		
Fund Balance (Deficit) - December 31			\$ 20,294,044		

See accompanying Notes to Required Supplementary Information.

EAU CLAIRE COUNTY, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$	8,592,506	\$	8,637,999	\$ 8,637,997	\$	(2)
Intergovernmental		18,654,685		18,830,783	19,921,254		1,090,471
Public Charges for Services		955,775		955,775	817,889		(137,886)
Intergovernmental Charges for Services		12,557,832		12,557,832	12,518,537		(39,295)
Miscellaneous							
Other		108,142		108,142	144,216		36,074
Total Revenues		40,868,940		41,090,531	 42,039,893		949,362
EXPENDITURES Health and Human Services		43,690,190		43,946,122	 41,467,898		2,478,224
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(2,821,250)		(2,855,591)	571,995		3,427,586
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers In		-		-	33,478		33,478
Transfers Out		-		-	(64,600)		(64,600)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		_		-	 (31,122)		(31,122)
- 3 (-)					 (0.1,1/		(•••,•==)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(2,821,250)	\$	(2,855,591)	540,873	\$	3,396,464
Fund Balance, January 1					 (2,319,768)		
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31					\$ (1,778,895)		

See accompanying Notes to Required Supplementary Information.

SCHEDULE 3

EAU CLAIRE COUNTY, WISCONSIN SCHEDULE OF COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM NET PENSION PLAN LIABILITY (ASSET) LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

Measurement Date	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Proportior Share of t Net Pens Liability (As	he ion	Covered Payroll	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
12/31/2020 12/31/2019 12/31/2018 12/31/2017 12/31/2016	0.20788148% 0.20564007% 0.20123608% 0.19620854% 0.19356886%	\$ (12,97 (6,63 7,15 (5,82	8,329) \$ 0,774) 9,347 5,664) 5,470	32,379,732 31,606,970 30,080,843 28,162,983 27,080,193	-40.08% -20.98% 23.80% -20.69% 5.89%	105.26% 102.96% 96.45% 102.93% 99.12%
12/31/2015 12/31/2014	0.19319466% 0.19198544%	• ·	8,329) 0,773)	26,154,793 25,767,642	-49.62% -25.73%	98.20% 102.74%

EAU CLAIRE COUNTY, WISCONSIN SCHEDULE OF COUNTY'S CONTRIBUTIONS TO WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM NET PENSION PLAN LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ending	ontractually Required ontributions	Re C	ntributions in elation to the contractually Required ontributions	 Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	 Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/2021 12/31/2020 12/31/2019 12/31/2018 12/31/2017	\$ 2,339,489 2,315,950 2,190,816 2,133,589 2,026,634	\$	(2,339,489) (2,315,950) (2,190,816) (2,133,589) (2,026,634)	\$ - - - -	\$ 32,455,837 32,379,732 31,606,970 30,080,843 28,162,983	7.21% 7.15% 6.93% 7.09% 7.20%
12/31/2016 12/31/2015	1,864,429 1,927,277		(1,864,429) (1,927,277)	-	27,080,193 26,154,793	6.88% 7.37%

EAU CLAIRE COUNTY, WISCONSIN SCHEDULE OF COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT LIABILITY (ASSET) LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS

						County's Proportionate	
OPEB Fiscal Year End Date (Measurement	County's Proportion of the Net OPEB	Sha	County's roportionate are of the Net PEB Liability		County's	Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB
Date)	Liability (Asset)		(Asset)	Со	vered Payroll	Covered Payroll	Liability (Asset)
12/31/2020 12/31/2019	0.4627310% 0.4812360%	\$	2,545,355 2,049,197	\$	23,740,000 24,510,000	10.72 % 8.36 %	31.36% 37.58%
12/31/2018 12/31/2017	0.4954590% 0.4968950%		1,278,451 1,494,948		23,835,000 20,895,856	5.36 % 7.15 %	48.69% 44.81%

EAU CLAIRE COUNTY, WISCONSIN SCHEDULE OF COUNTY'S CONTRIBUTIONS TO NET OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT LIABILITY (ASSET) LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS

County's Fiscal Year End Date		ontractually Required ontribution	Rela Cor R	ributions in ation to the htractually equired htributions	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	County's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/2021 12/31/2020 12/31/2019 12/31/2018)	7,453 7,002 6,935 9,545	\$	(7,453) (7,002) (6,935) (9,545)	\$ - - -	23,740,000 24,510,000 23,835,000 20,895,856	0.03 % 0.03 % 0.03 % 0.05 %

EAU CLAIRE COUNTY, WISCONSIN NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION DECEMBER 31, 2021

BUDGETARY INFORMATION

GASB 34 requires the presentation of budgetary comparison schedules for the general fund and for each major special revenue fund. Budgetary information for the general fund and the human services fund is derived from the County's annual operating budget.

The County's budgetary information is derived from the annual operating budget and is presented using the same basis of accounting for each fund as described in Note 1. C except the general fund budget does not include the Juvenile Jail fund which creates the perspective difference shown on page 53.

The budget amounts presented include any amendments made during the year. The finance committee may authorize transfers of budgeted amounts within departments. Transfers between departments and changes to the overall budget must be approved by a vote of two-thirds of the entire membership of the governing body.

Appropriations lapse at year end unless specifically carried over. Budgets are adopted at the department level of expenditures.

The County had some overdrawn appropriations for the year ended December 31, 2021. It is recognized that overdrawn appropriations are contrary to Section 66.0607 of the Wisconsin Statutes.

WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN

Changes of Benefit Terms – There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in WRS.

Changes in Assumptions- No significant change in assumptions were noted from the prior year.

WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Changes of Benefit Terms – There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in WRS.

Changes in Assumptions- Several actuarial assumptions changed from the prior year, included the single discount rate, long- term expected rate of return and expected inflation. Please refer to the Actuarial Assumptions section above for additional details.

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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMBINING FUND STATEMENTS

EAU CLAIRE COUNTY, WISCONSIN NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 2021

	W	/atershed Fund	F	Recycling Fund	nti-Drug Program	Aging and Disability Resource Center		Land Records	Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
ASSETS									
Cash and Temporary Investments	\$	113,299	\$	567,792	\$ 20,815	\$ 342,842	\$	156,569	\$ 1,201,317
Taxes Receivable		10,000		-	-	226,401		-	236,401
Accounts Receivable		170		62,397	-	1,636		-	64,203
Prepaid Expense		-		-	-	6,600		-	6,600
Due from Other Governmental Units		136,174		-	 -	 521,321		-	 657,495
Total Assets	\$	259,643	\$	630,189	\$ 20,815	\$ 1,098,800	\$	156,569	\$ 2,166,016
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF									
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES									
Liabilities:									
Vouchers Payable	\$	8,034	\$	201,261	\$ 793	\$ 65,155	\$	182	\$ 275,425
Accrued Liabilities		-		2,918	-	65,523		-	68,441
Due to Other Governments		-		2,490	-	15,766		-	18,256
Special Deposits		63,097		-	-	-		-	63,097
Total Liabilities		71,131		206,669	793	146,444		182	425,219
Deferred Inflows of Resources:									
Succeeding Years Property Taxes		10,000		-	-	226,401		-	236,401
Unavailable Revenue		-		-	-	51,600		-	51,600
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		10,000		-	-	278,001		-	288,001
Fund Balances:									
Nonspendable		-		-	-	6,600		-	6,600
Restricted		-		423,520	-	285,411		-	708,931
Assigned		178,512		-	20,022	382,344		156,387	737,265
Total Fund Balances		178,512		423,520	 20,022	 674,355	_	156,387	 1,452,796
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of									
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	259,643	\$	630,189	\$ 20,815	\$ 1,098,800	\$	156,569	\$ 2,166,016

EAU CLAIRE COUNTY, WISCONSIN NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

								ging and				Total
	14/	atershed	De	ovoling	^	nti Drug		Disability Resource		Lond		Nonmajor overnmental
	vv	Fund		cycling Fund	A	nti-Drug Fund		Center	r	Land Records	GC	Funds
REVENUES		T UNU		unu		Tunu		Center		(ecords		T UNUS
Taxes	\$	10,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	226,400	\$	-	\$	236,400
Intergovernmental	Ŧ	185,663	•	491,952	Ŧ	-	•	2,448,645	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	3,126,260
Licenses and Permits		-		-		-		_,,		169,449		169,449
Public Charges for Services		-		860,141		-		239,517		-		1,099,658
Miscellaneous				,								.,
Rent		9,987		-		-		-		-		9,987
Other		27,862		18,023		8,857		292,094		-		346,836
Total Revenues		233,512	1,	370,116		8,857		3,206,656		169,449		4,988,590
EXPENDITURES:												
Public Safety		-		-		24,172		-		-		24,172
Public Works		-	1,	397,344		-		-		-		1,397,344
Health and Human Services		-		-		-		3,026,202		-		3,026,202
Conservation and Development		129,435		-		-		-		106,494		235,929
Total Expenditures		129,435	1,	397,344		24,172		3,026,202		106,494		4,683,647
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		104,077		(27,228)		(15,315)		180,454		62,955		304,943
Fund Balances, January 1		74,435		450,748		35,337		493,901		93,432		1,147,853
FUND BALANCES, DECEMBER 31	\$	178,512	\$	423,520	\$	20,022	\$	674,355	\$	156,387	\$	1,452,796

EAU CLAIRE COUNTY, WISCONSIN INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Risk _Management	Health Insurance	Shared Services	Totals
ASSETS				
Current Assets:	* 4 005 045	A E (A T A A	* • • • • • • • • • •	* • • • • - • • -
Cash and Temporary Investments	\$ 1,895,645	\$ 546,738	\$ 875,462	\$ 3,317,845
Prepaid Items Total Current Assets	1,895,645	<u>600,456</u> 1,147,194	875,462	<u>600,456</u> 3,918,301
Total Current Assets	1,095,045	1,147,194	075,402	3,910,301
Restricted Assets:				
Cash and Temporary Investments	327,186	-	-	327,186
Wisconsin Retirement System Net Pension Asset	39,005			39,005
	366,191	-	-	366,191
Noncurrent Assets:				
Deposit in Insurance Pool	999,731	_	_	999,731
	000,101			000,701
Total Assets	3,261,567	1,147,194	875,462	5,284,223
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
	64,300			64,300
Wisconsin Retirement System Pension Related State Life Insurance Other Post Employment Benefit Related	7,672	-	-	7,672
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	71,972		-	71,972
Total Deletted Outliows of Resources	11,512	-	-	71,372
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	51,167	2,647	36,085	89,899
Accrued Compensation	3,424	-	-	3,424
Current Portion of Long-Term Liabilities:				,
Claims Payable	566,853	90,063	-	656,916
Total Current Liabilities	621,444	92,710	36,085	750,239
Long-Term Liabilities (Less Current Portion):				
State Life Insurance Net Other Post Employment Benefits Liability	18,873	_	_	18,873
Claims Payable	980,110	-	-	980,110
Total Long-Term Liabilities	998,983		-	998,983
Total Liabilities	1,620,427	92,710	36,085	1,749,222
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Wisconsin Retirement System Pension Related	85,435			85,435
State Life Insurance Other Post Employment Benefit Related	2,894	_		2,894
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	88,329	-	-	88,329
NET POSITION				
Restricted:				
Insurance Escrow	327,186			327,186
Wisconsin Retirement System Pension Asset	39,005	-	-	39,005
Unrestricted	1,258,592	1,054,484	839,377	3,152,453
Total Net Position	\$ 1,624,783	\$ 1,054,484	\$ 839,377	\$ 3,518,644
	ψ 1,024,703	ψ 1,004,404	φ 000,011	ψ 0,010,044

EAU CLAIRE COUNTY, WISCONSIN INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Risk Management	Health Insurance	Shared Services	Totals	
OPERATING REVENUES Charges For Services	\$ 1,104,789	\$ 9,307,860	\$ 495,009	\$ 10,907,658	
OPERATING EXPENSES Operations	824,261	7,774,248	275,494	8,874,003	
Claims Total Operating Expenses	<u>130,943</u> 955,204	942,256 8,716,504	275,494	<u>1,073,199</u> 9,947,202	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	149,585	591,356	219,515	960,456	
NONOPERATING REVENUES Investment Income	34,244			34,244	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	183,829	591,356	219,515	994,700	
Net Position, January 1	1,440,954	463,128	619,862	2,523,944	
NET POSITION, DECEMBER 31	\$ 1,624,783	\$ 1,054,484	\$ 839,377	\$ 3,518,644	

EAU CLAIRE COUNTY, WISCONSIN INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	м	Risk lanagement		Health	Shared Services		Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		3			 		TOTAIS
Cash Received from Customers	\$	1,106,764	\$	9,276,868	\$ 495,009	\$	10,878,641
Cash Paid to Suppliers for Good and Services		(815,639)		(7,771,601)	(371,999)		(8,959,239)
Claims Paid		(425,931)		(935,160)	-		(1,361,091)
Cash Payments for Employee Services		(13,589)		-	-		(13,589)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities		(148,395)		570,107	 123,010		544,722
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Repayment of Due to Other Funds		-		(23,369)	-		(23,369)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Investment Income		34,244		-	 -		34,244
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(114,151)		546,738	123,010		555,597
Cash and Cash Equivalents, January 1		2,336,982		-	752,452		3,089,434
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, DECEMBER 31	\$	2,222,831	\$	546,738	\$ 875,462	\$	3,645,031
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Current Assets - Cash and Temporary Investments	\$	1,895,645	\$	546,738	\$ 875,462	\$	3,317,845
Restricted Assets - Cash and Temporary Investments		327,186		-	-		327,186
Total Cash and Temporary Investments Per Statement of Cash Flows	\$	2,222,831	\$	546,738	\$ 875,462	\$	3,645,031
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:							
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	149,585	\$	591,356	\$ 219,515	\$	960,456
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash							
Provided by Operating Activities: Chagne in Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) Net Pension Asset		(20,288)		_	_		(20,288)
Chagne in WRS Pension Related Deferred Outflow of Resources		(20,688)			_		(20,688)
Chagne in WRS Pension Related Deferred Inflow of Resources		(20,000)		-	-		(20,000)
Chagne in State Life Insurance Net OPEB Liability		(2,287)		-	-		(2,287)
Chagne in State Life Insurance Related Deferred Outflow of Resources		29,352		-	-		29,352
Chagne in State Life Insurance Related Deferred Outliow of Resources		(915)		-	-		(915)
(Increase) Decrease in Assets:		(913)		-	-		(913)
Due From Other Governments		1,975			_		1,975
Prepaid Items		656		(30,992)	_		(30,336)
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:		000		(00,002)			(00,000)
Accounts Payable		7.966		2,647	(96,505)		(85,892)
Accrued Compensation		631			(00,000)		631
Claims Payable		(294,988)		7,096	-		(287,892)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$	(148,395)	\$	570,107	\$ 123,010	\$	544,722
			-	-, -	 	Ψ	UTT,122

EAU CLAIRE COUNTY, WISCONSIN FIDUCIARY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Tax Custodial	-		District Attorney		Clerk of Courts		West Central Drug Task Force		Sheriff	Total
ASSETS											
Treasurer's Cash and Investments	\$ 4,890,600	\$-	\$	20,476	\$	551,795	\$	224,157	\$	48,786	\$ 5,735,814
Taxes Receivable	258,848	-		-		-		-		-	258,848
Total Assets	5,149,448	-		20,476		551,795		224,157		48,786	5,994,662
LIABILITIES											
Accounts Payable and Other Liabilities	-	-		7,030		211,019		-		32,091	250,140
Due Other Governmental Units	4,890,600	-		-		-		-		-	4,890,600
Total Liabilities	4,890,600	-		7,030		211,019		-		32,091	5,140,740
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Succeeding Year's Property Taxes	258,848			-		-		-		-	258,848
NET POSITION											
Restricted	\$-	\$ -	\$	13,446	\$	340,776	\$	224,157	\$	16,695	\$ 595,074

EAU CLAIRE COUNTY, WISCONSIN FIDUCIARY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Tax Custodial	Unclaimed Custodial Funds	District Attorney	Clerk of Courts	West Central Drug Task Force	Sheriff	Total
ADDITIONS							
Fee Collections on Behalf of Others	\$-	\$-	\$ 172,524	\$ 3,750,114	\$-	\$ 792,062	\$ 4,714,700
Tax Collections for Other Governments	88,344,295	-	-	-	-	-	88,344,295
State Forfeiture Funds Collected	-	-	-	-	25,085	-	25,085
Unclaimed Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Additions	88,344,295	-	172,524	3,750,114	25,085	792,062	93,084,080
DEDUCTIONS							
Beneficiary Payments	-	-	175,033	3,665,948	-	802,429	4,643,410
Payments of Taxes to Other Goverments	88,344,295	21,100	-	-	-	-	88,365,395
Payments on Behalf of West Central Drug Task Force	-	-	-	-	12,778	-	12,778
Total Deductions	88,344,295	21,100	175,033	3,665,948	12,778	802,429	93,021,583
Change in Net Position	-	(21,100)	(2,509)	84,166	12,307	(10,367)	62,497
Net Position - January 1		21,100	15,955	256,610	211,850	27,062	532,577
Net Position - December 31	<u>\$-</u>	\$-	\$ 13,446	\$ 340,776	\$ 224,157	\$ 16,695	\$ 595,074



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